Statute	Regulations	Statutory Summary	Reporting Requirements & Deadlines
		Academic Programs	
Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Americans with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C. 12101-12213		Provides broad nondiscrimination protection in employment, public services, and public accommodations (including colleges and universities) for individuals with disabilities. Requires reasonable accommodations (e.g., a modification or adjustment to the status quo inherent in the program or activity) to allow a qualified person with a disability to participate fully in the educational or academic programs and activities of the university. Enforced by multiple federal agencies, including the Department of Justice, Department of Labor, and the EEOC.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315		credit policies; f) diversity statistics; g) retention rates; h) employment placement data; i)	No deadline is mandated, but September 1 is suggested. This is part of the Disclosure to Students sent by the Office of Financial Aid each semester.
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315		academic program to current and prospective students on an annual basis. Section 497: Provides to institutions of higher education an adequate opportunity to review and respond to any program review report and relevant materials related to the report before any final program review report is issued. Section 206: Requires institutions of higher education (IHE) to set goals for preparing teachers in shortage areas including math, science, special education and ELL. IHEs must	20 U.S.C. 1027(f): Universities must report annually to their state government and the public the pass rate on state teacher certification examinations taken by their graduates. The reporting deadline is April 1st. This is part of the Disclosure to Students sent by the Office of Financial Aid each semester.

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Age Discrimination Act of	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance.	Not Applicable
42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive receial illiancial assistance.	
		Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by	
		the Act.	
Section 504 of The	34 C.F.R. 104	Prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability at any federally-funded institution. This	Not Applicable
Rehabilitation Act of 1973 29 U.S.C. 701	45 C.F.R. 84	covers admissions, recruitment, educational and/or academic programs and services	
Title IX of the Education	DOJ: 28 C.F.R.	Prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities receiving	Not Applicable
Amendment of 1972	42.201-42.215,	federal financial assistance including employment.	
20 U.S.C. 1681-1688	42.601-42.613 ED: 34 C.F.R. 106	Any grievance records relating to a Title IX violation or complaint must be retained for the	
	EEOC: 29 C.F.R.	period of time cited in state law for personal injury actions.	
	1604	ported of time ched in chatchan for percental injury designs.	
	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 86		
Title VI of the Civil Rights Act		Prohibits discrimination based on race, color, or national origin in educational and/or	Not Applicable
of 1964	42.101-42.112	academic programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance.	
42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d-7	DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 50.3 ED: 34 C.F.R. 100		
	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 100		
	11110. 40 0.1 .14. 00		
		Accounting	•
Bankruptcy Abuse Prevention		Prohibits the discharge of most student loans in bankruptcy, when the loans were obtained	Not Applicable
& Consumer Protection Act of		from the government or non-profit higher educational institutions.	
2005 Public Law No. 109-8		There is an expention for undue hardship and for loons that become due more than seven	
11 U.S.C. 101-1532		There is an exception for undue hardship and for loans that became due more than seven years before the filing of the petition.	
Clayton Antitrust Act of 1914		Enacted as a supplement to the Sherman Act.	Not Applicable
15 U.S.C. 12-27			The same of the sa
		Prohibits price discrimination; conditioning sales on exclusive dealing; mergers and acquisitions when they may substantially reduce competition; and serving on the board of	
		directors for two competing companies.	

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) 15 U.S.C. 1681-1681v	16 C.F.R. 600	Requires employers to advise applicants if employment was denied based on a credit report. Employers, before obtaining a consumer report (including criminal background checks), must disclose in writing to the applicant or employee that it may obtain a consumer report for employment purposes, and secondly, secure the written consent of the applicant or employee. When using a third party consumer reporting agency to request motor vehicle record checks for employment purposes, notice must be given to the applicant or employee. Employers must certify to the consumer reporting agency that they will comply with the Act's disclosure requirements and that any information obtained will not be used in violation of any applicable federal or state equal employment opportunity law or regulation.	Not Applicable
Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) 26 U.S.C. 3101-3128	26 C.F.R. 31 26 C.F.R. 31.3121 26 C.F.R. 31.3306	FICA defines which employers and employees are subject to taxation and levies the tax. Provides that service performed in the employ of a school, college, or university by a student who is enrolled and regularly attending classes at such school, college, or university is exempt from the FICA tax. An employer must pay social security taxes on employees but an exemption exists for most students also working for the university and for clergy whose services are performed in the exercise of their ministry.	Not Applicable
Federal Unemployment Tax Act 26 U.S.C. 3301-3311	26 C.F.R. 31.6011(A)-3	Provides for payments of unemployment compensation to workers who have lost their jobs. If your FUTA tax is more than \$500 for the calendar year, you must deposit at least one quarterly payment. If not, alternate rules apply.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act 20 U.S.C. 1011f	34 C.F.R. 668	more with a foreign source to the Department of Education.	By January 31st or July 31st of each year, whichever is sooner depending on the time of the gift, a postsecondary institution must file a disclosure report about ownership or control by, or contracts with or gifts from foreign sources. The institution shall file a disclosure report with the Department of Education for gifts and contracts of \$250,000 or more received within a calendar year.

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance.	Not Applicable
42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	1000170 Todorai ilitariolai assistarioe.	
42 0.3.0. 0101-0107	1101 : 40 0:1 :11: 017	Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by	
		the Act.	
Qualified Tuition and Student	26 C.F.R. 1.6050S-1	Institutions must report (1) qualified tuition and related expenses and (2) student loan interest	Institutions must complete Form
Loan Interest Reporting		to the IRS.	1098-T (qualified tuition
26 U.S.C. 6050S	26 C.F.R. 1.6050S-3		payments) and Form 1098-E
20 0.0.0. 00000		Institutions must also provide payors with a statement that includes the tax information	(student loan interest payments),
		furnished to the IRS.	both of which must be filed with
			the IRS on or before February
			28th, or March 31st if filed
			electronically. The required
			statement to all persons who
			made qualified tuition or student
			loan interest payments must be
			sent to the payor on or before
			January 31st of the year
			following the calendar year in
			which payments were received
			or amounts were billed for
			qualified tuition and related
			expenses, or in which the
			student loan interest payments
			were received. The statement
			may simply be a copy of Form 1098-T or Form 1098-E,
			respectively. Institutions must
			certify that they have met the
			regulatory requirements for
			soliciting student taxpayer
			identification numbers (TINs) at
			least once during the year.
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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance, Super Circular, or Omni Circular)	22 C.F.R. Part 200	The Uniform Guidance streamlines and consolidates the federal government's guidance on administrative rules, cost principles, and audit requirements for federal awards (including sponsored research awards and others awarded to institutions) across the entire federal government. Also requires disclosures of potential conflicts of interest or criminal violations. The Uniform Guidance, which supersedes current OMB Circulars A-110, A-21, A-122, and A-133 (among others), became effective upon each federal agency's promulgation of implementing regulations, and no later than December 26, 2014. New audit requirements apply to grantee fiscal years beginning on or after December 26, 2014. Department of Education exceptions to the Uniform Guidance are available here.	Higher education institutions that receive aggregate federal awards totaling \$50 million or more per fiscal year must disclose their cost accounting practices by filing a Disclosure Statement (DS-2), and amendments to the DS-2 must be filed six months in advance of a disclosed practice being changed.
Regulation E: Electronic Fund Transfers 15 U.S.C. 1693b	12 C.F.R. 205.1- 205.20	Establishes the basic rights, liabilities and responsibilities of consumers who use electronic fund transfer services and of financial institutions that offer these services.	Not Applicable
Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 (SOX) Public Law No. 107-204		Designed to protect investors by improving the accuracy and reliability of corporate disclosures made pursuant to the securities laws.	Not Applicable
Sherman Antitrust Act 15 U.S.C. 1-7		This law has been applied to colleges and universities in a number of instances regarding purchases. The Department of Justice interpreted this law to mean that financial aid awards must be established independently and not in concert with other institutions. May also apply to establishing prices for items in a bookstore based on collaboration with a wholesaler or another retailer.	Not Applicable
		Section 568 - known as the antitrust exemption - allows colleges and universities to collaborate on a common formula for determining a student's financial need.	
Social Security Act 42 U.S.C. 301-1397mm	20 C.F.R. 404.1028	An employer must pay social security taxes on employees but an exemption exists for most students also working for the university, and for clergy whose services are performed in the exercise of their ministry. To avoid penalty for reporting incorrect SSN on W-2 forms, transmit data file electronically to the Social Security Administration (SSA). Report all employees hired in the specific quarter listing name (as it appears in HR System), SSN, sex, and date of birth. After information is queried against SSA's database, mismatches are sent back for resolution.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110	·	Not Applicable
1975	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90	receive federal financial assistance.	
42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617		
		Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by	
		the Act.	
Truth in Lending Act	12 C.F.R. 226	Requires disclosure statements for loans and credit plans, but exempts Perkins Loans and	Not Applicable
15 U.S.C. 1601-1693r		Federal Family Education Loans.	
		·	
		Loans made, insured or guaranteed pursuant to programs authorized by Title IV are exempt.	
Unrelated Business Income	26 C.F.R. 1.511-1	Regulates unrelated business income, which is income from a trade or business, regularly	Unrelated business income must
Tax	26 C.F.R. 1.513-4	carried on, that is not substantially related to the charitable, educational, or other purpose	be reported to the IRS on Form
26 U.S.C. 511		that is the basis of the organization's exemption.	990-T. Various deadlines apply.
20 0.0.0. 311		and to the basis of the organizations exemption.	Total Tanous acadimies apply.
		Accreditation	
	104 O F D 000 40		Destruction Figure in Aid
Higher Education Opportunity		Section 495: Recognition of accrediting agency or association. The association enforces	Part of the Financial Aid
Act	602.13.	standards that respect the stated mission of the institution of higher education, including	Consumer/Student Disclosures
Public Law No. 110-315		religious missions, and that ensure that the courses or programs of instruction, training, or	sent to students each semester.
20 U.S.C. 1099b		study offered by the institution of higher education, including distance education or	
		correspondence courses or programs, are of sufficient quality to achieve, for the duration of	
		the accreditation period, the stated objective for which the courses or the programs are	
		offered. Section 496: Each school must make available to prospective and enrolled students:	
		Names of associations, agencies, or governmental bodies that accredit, approve, or license	
		the school and its programs; and Procedures for obtaining or reviewing documents	
		describing accreditation, approval, or licensing.	
		Admissions	
Age Discrimination Act of	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110	Prohibits discrimination based on age in the admission of educational and/or academic	Not Applicable
1975	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90	programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance.	
42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	programo or activities that receive reactal mandal accidence.	
42 0.3.0. 0101-0107	1101: 10 0:: :11: 017	Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by	
		the Act.	
Higher Education Opportunity		Section 488 requires institutions to provide each student, upon enrollment, with a "separate,	Part of the Financial Aid
1 -		clear, and conspicuous written notice" that provides information on the penalties associated	Consumer/Student Disclosures
Act			
Public Law No. 110-315		with drug-related offenses.	sent to students each semester.
20 U.S.C. 1092			
Higher Education Opportunity		Section 484C requires that the University readmit students who left in order to join the	Not Applicable
Act		military. The student must be readmitted in the same academic status. Generally, the length	
Public Law No. 110-315		of absence cannot be greater than five (5) years. Exceptions to this law include those	
20 U.S.C. 1092		veterans receiving a dishonorable discharge, or bad conduct charge, or those who were court	
		marshaled.	

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9	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable		
Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972 20 U.S.C. 1681-1688	ED: 34 C.F.R. 106 EEOC: 29 C.F.R. 1604 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 86	Prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in the admission of education programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance including employment. Under the Title IX common rule, a recipient may not discriminate against any person on the basis of sex in the counseling or guidance of students or applicants for admission. Specifically, in appraising or counseling students, a recipient must not use different testing or other materials on the basis of sex or use materials that permit or require different treatment of students on the basis of sex. Such different materials may be used, however, where they cover the same occupational interest areas and their use is shown to be essential to eliminate sex bias. Any grievance records relating to a Title IX violation or complaint must be retained for the period of time cited in state law for personal injury actions.	Not Applicable		
Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d-7	DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 42.101-42.112 DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 50.3 ED: 34 C.F.R. 100 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 80	Prohibits discrimination based on race, color, or national origin in the admission of educational and/or academic programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance.	Not Applicable		
	Athletics				

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Age Discrimination Act of	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that	Not Applicable
1975	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90	receive federal financial assistance.	The state of the s
42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617		
1.2 0.0.0.01010101		Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by	
		the Act.	
Equity in Athletics Disclosure		The Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act requires co-educational institutions of postsecondary	Each coed institution of higher
Act	34 C.F.R. 668.47	education that participate in a Title IV federal student financial assistance program and have	education that participates in
20 U.S.C. 1092(g)		an intercollegiate athletic program, to prepare an annual report to the Department of	Title IV programs, and has an
		Education on athletic participation, staffing, and revenues and expenses, by men's and	intercollegiate athletic program,
		women's teams.	must no later than October 15th of each year, make available on
			request to enrolled students,
			prospective students, and the
			public, the report required to be
			produced under this law. Within
			15 days of making the report
			available to students,
			prospective students, and the
			public, (i.e., no later than
			October 30th of each year) the
			school must submit the report to the Secretary of Education.
			The Secretary of Education.
			Part of the Consumer/Student
			Disclosures sent by Financial Aid
			to students each semester.
Title IX	ED: 34 C.F.R. 106	Requires that no person shall on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be	Not Applicable
20 U.S.C. 1681-1688	EEOC: 29 C.F.R.	denied the benefits of, be treated differently from another person, or otherwise be	
	1604	discriminated against in any interscholastic, intercollegiate, club or intramural athletics	
		offered by a recipient, and no recipient shall provide such athletics separately on such basis.	
		Auxiliary	

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act 20 U.S.C. 1015b Public Law No. 110-315	34 C.F.R. 668	Section 112: Each school must disclose on the school's internet course schedule used for preregistration and registration purposes, the ISBN and retail price of required and recommended textbooks and supplemental materials for each course listed. If no ISBN is available, the institution may provide the textbook's author, title, publisher, and copyright date. If the disclosure is not practical for a certain text, a designation of *to be determined* can be noted. Written course schedules should indicate where on the university web page this information will be posted. The bookstore operated by or affiliated with the school, the school must make available as soon as practicable the most accurate information regarding the schools course schedule, information for recurred and recommended textbooks and supplemental materials and number of students enrolled in each course or class and maximum student enrollment for each course or class. HEOA encourages schools to disseminate information regarding book rentals, used textbooks, buyback programs, and alternative delivery programs or other cost saving strategies. Schools shall make available to the college bookstore, upon request, the most accurate information regarding the course schedule for the next academic period and for each course offered, the information described above, the number of students enrolled in such course, and the maximum enrollment for each class.	Part of the Financial Aid Consumer/Student Disclosures sent to students each semester.
		Campus Safety	
Americans with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C. 12101-12213	DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 36	Although the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) does not require employers to have emergency evacuation plans, if organizations covered by the ADA opt to have such plans they are required to include people with disabilities.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (1601 of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000) Public Law No. 106-386 (Title VI)	34 C.F.R. 668		Institution must issue a statement advising the campus community on where information concerning registered sex offenders can be obtained. Notification may be accomplished by adding the statement to the Annual Security Report required by the Campus Security Act. Suggested deadline of October 1st of each year to coincide with the Annual Security Report.

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Drug Free Schools and Communities Act 20 U.S.C. 1011i	34 C.F.R. 86	Requires distribution of the college or university s drug and alcohol prevention and policy information every year and biennial review of drug and alcohol prevention program.	Annual distribution to students and employees of the institution's standards of conduct with respect to illegal drugs and alcohol; a description of the applicable legal sanctions and health risks; and availability of drug and alcohol counseling available to employees and students. Must also include a statement on sanctions the institution will impose for violation of the standards of conduct. The law does not mandate a particular date for distribution, but suggested distribution is to make this information part of the Annual Security Report distribution which is required by October 1st of each year. Part of the Consumer/Student Disclosures sent by the Office of Financial Aid each semester.

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1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA) 42 U.S.C. 11001 - 11050	40 C.F.R. 370	Requires the establishment of state/tribe emergency response commissions (SERCs/TERCs), which are responsible for coordinating certain emergency response activities and for appointing local emergency planning committees (LEPCs). Requires facilities to notify the SERC and LEPC of the presence and/or release of any extremely hazardous substance. All information submitted pursuant to EPCRA regulations is publicly accessible, unless protected by a trade secret claim.	By March 1st of each year, the owner or operator of any facility which is required to have available a material safety data sheet for a hazardous chemical under OSHA shall prepare and submit an emergency and hazardous chemical inventory format the appropriate local emergency planning committee; the state emergency response commission; and the fire department with jurisdiction over the facility. Hazardous chemical training must be conducted annually. Facilities must report the storage, use, and release of certain hazardous chemicals biannually.
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1011i		Section 107: Requires an institution of higher education, in its biennial review, to determine the number of drug and alcohol-related violations and fatalities that have occurred on the institution's campus or as part of the institution's activities and that are reported to campus officials.	Completed in the institution s biennial review.

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1092		reporting of crimes to campus police and law enforcement agencies, and include procedures for immediate notification of emergencies and for the University. The University must publicize those procedures on an annual basis in a manner designed to reach students and staff, and must test annually emergency response and the University procedures and document the testing. The University also must develop a Missing Student Policy and procedures.	Emergency Response Policies and Procedures Annually publish a campus Fire Safety Report that provides statistics on a dorm-by-dorm basis showing the number of fires, deaths, injuries, fire drills, property damage, type of fire detection systems, etc. Disclosure of Fire Safety Standards and Measures The statistics set forth in 20 U.S.C. 1092(i)(1)(a) must be reported to the Secretary of Education on an annual basis: (i) the number of fires and the cause of each fire; (ii) the number of injuries related to a fire that result in treatment at a medical facility; (iii) the number of deaths related to a fire; and (iv) the value of property damage caused by a fire.
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1092(j)		Sections 485(a) and (f) Missing Student Notification Policy and Procedures: Any institution participating in a Title IV federal student financial aid program that maintains on campus housing facilities must establish a missing student notification policy and related procedures for those students who live in on campus housing and who have been missing for 24 hours.	An institution that provides any on-campus student housing facility must include in its Annual Security Report a statement of policy regarding missing student notification procedures for students who reside in oncampus student housing facilities.

1975	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act. Section 488: Requires institutions to notify the campus community in the event of a significant emergency and publish the procedures to immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation, unless this would compromise efforts to contain the emergency. Requires institutions to report and make public an annual fire safety report and requires the Secretary to make policies public, including the installation of fire detection and prevention	Institutions are required to disclose emergency response policies and evacuation procedures. Suggested deadline of October 1st of each year to coincide with the Annual Security Report.
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1092		technologies in student housing, dormitories, and other buildings. Requires institutions to implement procedures for managing reports of missing persons and notify on-campus residing students to that the institution is required to notify a parent or guardian 24 hours after the time that the student is deemed to be missing. Section 493: When requested, institutions must disclose to the alleged victim of any violent crime or non-forcible sex offense the final results of any institutional disciplinary proceeding conducted against the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. The alleged victim's next of kin must be informed, if the alleged victim dies as a result of the crime.	Not Applicable
	34 C.F.R. 668.41(e) 34 C.F.R. 668.46	Any institution that participates in federal financial aid programs must collect information with respect to campus crime statistics and campus security policies of the institution. The institution must annually distribute to current students, employees, and (upon request) prospective students or employees, an annual security report (ASR) containing various statements of institutional policies, descriptions of programs, and campus crime statistics.	By October 1 of each year, an institution must distribute its ASR to all enrolled students and current employees. The ASR must also be submitted to the Department of Education by October 1 of each year.
Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 29 U.S.C. 651-678	29 C.F.R. 1910.38	The University must have a written emergency action plan kept in the workplace and available for employee review upon request, as required under OSHA standards. Contracts & Procurement	Not Applicable
	40.0 F.D. 0.500.0		Niet Ameliaakia
Anti-Kickback Act of 1986 41 U.S.C. 8701-8707	48 C.F.R. 3.502-2	Prohibits any payment or gratuity made for the purpose of inducing award of a subcontract or prime contract with the federal government.	імот Арріісаріе

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Byrd Amendment 31 U.S.C. 1352	32 C.F.R. 28 34 C.F.R. 82.100	Prohibits grantees from lobbying with federal funds. Requires disclosure of lobbying activities when receiving federal contracts, grants, loans or cooperative agreements.	Requires certification and disclosure with each submission for consideration of a federal contract, grant or cooperative agreement exceeding \$100,000 or an award of a federal loan or commitment providing for the U.S. to insure or guarantee a loan exceeding \$150,000. Federal contractors, grantees and those receiving federal loans and cooperative agreements must also report lobbying expenditures from non-federal sources which they used to obtain such federal program monies or contracts.
Copeland Anti-Kickback Act 18 U.S.C. 874 40 U.S.C. 3145	29 C.F.R. 3	Requires contractors and subcontractors on public buildings or works financed by loans or grants from the U.S. to furnish a weekly statement of wages paid.	Requires contractors and subcontractors on public buildings or works financed by loans or grants from the U.S. to furnish a weekly statement of wages paid.
E-Verify (Executive Order 1289)	73 Fed. Reg. 67,651	For federal contracts of more than \$100,000 and subcontracts greater than \$3,000, the University must utilize the E-Verify electronic system to confirm the employees working on those contracts/subcontracts are lawfully eligible to work in the U.S.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Act 20 U.S.C. 1001-1161aa		Section 1011(f) mandates that, whenever schools are owned or controlled by a foreign source, or receive a gifts from or enters into contracts with a foreign source totaling more than \$250,000 within a calendar year, the school shall file a disclosure report with the Secretary of Education on January 31 or July 31, whichever is sooner.	January 31 or July 31 (if applicable)

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Non-Retaliation for Disclosure of Compensation Information Executive Order 13665	41 C.F.R. § 60	Federal contractors and subcontractors may not fire or otherwise discriminate against any employee or applicant for discussing, disclosing, or inquiring about his or her compensation or that of another employee or applicant. The rule applies to all federal government contractors with contracts entered into or modified on or after January 11, 2016.	Not Applicable
Trading with the Enemy Act 22 U.S.C. 7201-7211	31 C.F.R. 500-599	Assets Control Regulations of the U.S. Department of Treasury require persons subject to U.S. jurisdiction to have a license to engage in certain transactions related to travel to, from and within regulated countries.	Not Applicable
		Copyright & Trademark	
Copyright Act 17 U.S.C. 101-1332	37 C.F.R. 201.1 48 C.F.R. 52.227-2	Protects the rights of authors from unauthorized reproduction/ adaptation/ performance/display/distribution of protected works of authorship, including computer software, books, journals etc. Software licenses required. Includes an exception for fair use in criticism, comment, teaching, scholarship and research.	Part of the Financial Aid Consumer/Student Disclosures sent to students each semester.
Copyright Term Extension Act	63 Fed. Reg. 71,785	Extends by 20 years the length of protection afforded to copyrighted works, and thus lengthens the amount of time it will take for a work to enter the public domain.	Not Applicable
Public Law No. 105-298		For copyrights in their renewal term at the time of the effective date of this new law, the term of copyright is extended to 95 years from the date the copyright was originally secured. For works created but not published or registered before January 1, 1978, the term endures for life of the author plus 70 years, but in no case will expire earlier than December 31, 2002. If the work is published before December 31, 2002, the term will not expire before December 31, 2047. Includes an exception that allows libraries, archives and nonprofit educational institutions to treat a copyrighted work in the last 20 years of protection as if it were in the public domain for purposes of preservation, scholarship or research. Conditions that apply to this usage in the last 20 years require a good faith investigation to determine that the work is not subject to normal commercial exploitation, the work or phone record cannot be obtained at a reasonable price, and use of the work stops if the copyright owner provides notice to the contrary.	

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA) Public Law No. 105-304		Imposes rules prohibiting the circumvention of technological protection measures. Sets limitations on copyright infringement liability for online service providers (OSPs). Expands an existing exemption for making copies of computer programs. Provides a significant updating of the rules and procedures regarding archival preservation.	Not Applicable- check on DMCA Designated Agent to receive notifications of claimed infringement
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315		Sections 152 and 153 require the following disclosures to enrolled students: a) Policies/sanctions for copyright infringement; and b) annual disclosure detailing federal copyright penalties.	Part of the Financial Aid Consumer/Student Disclosures sent to students each semester.
Lanham Act 15 U.S.C. 1051-1141n	19 C.F.R. 133.1	Prohibits trademark infringement, trademark dilution, and false advertising.	Not Applicable
Small Webcasters Settlement Act of 2002 Public Law No. 107-321	67 Fed. Reg. 45,239	Applies to "Noncommercial Webcasters" and to "Small Commercial Webcasters." Enables SoundExchange, the recording industry s royalty collection clearinghouse, to enter into royalty rate agreements with small commercial and all noncommercial webcasters.	Stations that average under 75 simultaneous users will have the option of submitting reports of use that do not require any audience data (ATH of ATP) or paying a \$100 proxy fee in lieu of any reporting. Stations with an average concurrent audience of over 75 will be required to submit reports of use, but they will not have to submit audience data. The fee for these stations remains at \$500 annually through 2016 unless the station has an ATH above 159, 140 (~208 average concurrent users in any month).

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 Technology Education and Copyright Harmonization Act (TEACH ACT) of 2002 Public Law No. 107-273	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable Not Applicable	
		Disabilities		
Americans with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C. 12101-12213	EEOC: 29 C.F.R. 1630 DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 35 DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 36 DOL: 29 C.F.R. 1640	Provides broad nondiscrimination protection for individuals with disabilities in employment, public services, and public accommodations, including colleges and universities. The university must make reasonable accommodations for employees and students with disabilities. Enforced by multiple federal agencies, including the Department of Justice, Department of Labor, and the EEOC.	Not Applicable	
Section 504 of The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 29 U.S.C. 701	ED: 34 C.F.R. 104 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 84	Prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability at any federally-funded institution. This covers admissions, recruitment, programs and services. Existing facilities can be made compliant through modification, moving classes or other services to more accessible locations, assignment of aids, or other measures. Newly constructed facilities must be readily accessible to persons with disabilities. Each facility or part of a facility which is altered in a manner that affects or could affect the usability of the facility or part of the facility shall, to the maximum extent feasible, be altered in such manner that the altered portion of the facility is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.	Not Applicable	
The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 Public Law 103-3	29 C.F.R. 825	Entitles eligible employees of covered employers to take unpaid, job-protected leave for specified family and medical reasons with continuation of group health insurance coverage under the same terms and conditions as if the employee had not taken leave. Provides covered employees with certain rights to reinstatement of employment after taking FMLA leave.	Not Applicable	
Diversity/Affirmative Action				

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Affirmative Action/Equal Employment Opportunity Executive Order 11246	41 C.F.R. 60	Affirmative action must be taken by covered employers to recruit and advance qualified minorities, women, persons with disabilities, and covered veterans.	Not Applicable
Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Age Discrimination Employment Act of 1967 29 U.S.C. 621-634	29 C.F.R. 1627	It is unlawful for the University to fail to hire, discharge, segregate, classify, or otherwise discriminate against any individual with respect to compensation, terms, conditions or privileges of employment because of age.	Not Applicable
Americans with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C. 12101-12213	DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 35 DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 36 DOL: 29 C.F.R. 1640 EEOC: 29 C.F.R. 1630	Provides broad nondiscrimination protection in employment, public services, and public accommodations including colleges and universities for individuals with disabilities. Enforced by multiple federal agencies, including the Department of Justice, Department of Labor, and the EEOC.	Not Applicable
Equal Employment of Veterans 38 U.S.C. 4211-4215	41 C.F.R. 60-250	For federal subcontracts of \$100,000 or more the University shall include in each of its subcontracts a clause that the subcontractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because he or she is a special disabled veteran, veteran of the Vietnam era, recently separated veteran, or other protected veteran in regard to any position for which the employee or applicant for employment is qualified. The university must agree to take affirmative action to employ and advance qualified individuals without discrimination based on such status.	Not Applicable
Equal Pay Act of 1963 29 U.S.C. 206(d)	29 C.F.R. 1620 29 C.F.R. 1621 29 C.F.R. 1604	Prohibits sex-based wage discrimination between men and women in the same establishment who perform jobs that require substantially equal skill, effort and responsibility under similar working conditions.	Not Applicable
Genetic Information Non- Discrimination Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-233	29 C.F.R. 1635	Prohibits use of genetic information in employment decision-making. Requires that genetic information be maintained as a confidential medical record, and places strict limits on disclosure of genetic information.	Not Applicable
Immigration and Nationality Act 8 U.S.C. 1101-1106	8 C.F.R. 214 8 C.F.R. 274a 20 C.F.R. 655 29 C.F.R. 501	The INA, as amended, sets forth the laws governing the admission and employment of foreign nationals in the United States, including provisions that address employment eligibility and employment verification.	Not Applicable

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009 Public Law No. 111-2		An individual subjected to compensation discrimination under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, or the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 may file a charge within 180 (or 300) days of any of the following: 1) when a discriminatory compensation decision or other discriminatory practice affecting compensation is adopted; 2) when the individual becomes subject to a discriminatory compensation decision or other discriminatory practice affecting compensation; or 3) when the individual's compensation is affected by the application of a discriminatory compensation decision or other discriminatory practice, including each time the individual receives compensation that is based in whole or part on such compensation decision or other practice. The Act has a retroactive effective date of May 28, 2007, and applies to all claims of discriminatory compensation pending on or after that date.	Not Applicable
Section 504 of The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 29 U.S.C. 701	ED: 34 C.F.R. 104 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 84	Prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability at any federally-funded institution. This covers admissions, recruitment, programs and services. If an existing facility is not accessible, redesign of equipment, reassignment of classes or other services to accessible buildings is an alternative to new construction. Newly constructed facilities must be readily accessible to persons with disabilities. Each facility or part of a facility which is altered in a manner that affects or could affect the usability of the facility or part of the facility shall, to the maximum extent feasible, be altered in such manner that the altered portion of the facility is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.	Not Applicable
Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972 20 U.S.C. 1681-1688	DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 42.201-42.215 ED: 34 C.F.R. 106 EEOC: 29 C.F.R. 1604 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 86	Prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance including employment. Any grievance records relating to a Title IX violation or complaint must be retained for the period of time cited in state law for personal injury actions.	Not Applicable

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d-7	DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 42.101-42.112 DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 50.3 ED: 34 C.F.R. 100 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 80	Prohibits discrimination based on race, color, or national origin in educational and/or academic programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance.	Not Applicable
Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 442 U.S.C. 2000e-2000e-17	DOJ: 29 C.F.R. 42 DOL: 41 C.F.R. 60-1	Title VII prohibits discrimination in hiring, firing, training, promotion, discipline, or other workplace decisions on the basis of an employee or applicant s race, color, sex, national origin, or religion. Sexual harassment is also prohibited under this law. Prohibits discrimination on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, or related illness in employment opportunities, health or disability insurance programs, or sick leave plans.	Not Applicable
Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) 38 U.S.C. 4301-4335	5 C.F.R. 353	employment upon completion of their service. Qualified employees must be reinstated with the seniority, status, and rate of pay they would have obtained had they remained continuously employed by their civilian employer. The law also protects individuals from discrimination in hiring, promotion, and retention on the basis of present and future membership in the armed services.	Not Applicable
		Environmental Health & Safety	
Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act 15 U.S.C. 2651		To prevent exposure to asbestos in school buildings, AHERA requires that all public and non-profit schools inspect each school building for asbestos-containing building material and prepare an asbestos management plan to prevent disturbance of asbestos.	Not Applicable
Chemical Facility Anti- Terrorism Standards Executive Order 13563 and 12866	6 C.F.R. 27	This rule establishes risk-based performance standards for the security of the nation's chemical facilities. It requires covered chemical facilities to prepare Security Vulnerability Assessments, which identify facility security vulnerabilities, and to develop and implement Site Security Plans, which include measures that satisfy the identified risk-based performance standards.	Not Applicable

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Clean Air Act 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q	40 C.F.R. 50 40 C.F.R. 60 40 C.F.R. 61	Regulates air emissions from stationary and mobile sources. Requires annual fees to be paid based upon total tons of actual emissions of each regulated pollutant.	The EPA will require semi- annual reporting of all facilities that release annual emissions of 25,000 megatons CO2 equivalent.
Clean Water Act 33 U.S.C. 1251-1387	40 C.F.R 122.41	Establishes the basic structure for regulating discharges of pollutants into the waters of the United States and regulating quality standards for surface waters. Facilities are governed by local wastewater pretreatment standards issued by local wastewater treatment plants.	Waste water permits and reporting quarterly.
Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) 42 U.S.C. 9601-9675	40 C.F.R. 307	Establishes prohibitions and requirements concerning closed and abandoned hazardous waste sites; Provides for liability of persons responsible for releases of hazardous waste at these sites; and Establishes a trust fund to provide for cleanup when no responsible party can be identified.	Not Applicable
Emergency Planning and Community Right Act (EPCRA) 42 U.S.C. 11001 - 11050	40 C.F.R. 370 40 C.F.R. 372.25 40 C.F.R. 372.27 40 C.F.R. 355 48 C.F.R. 52.223-13	Helps communities plan for emergencies involving hazardous substances. The Act establishes requirements for federal, state and local governments, Indian tribes, and industry regarding emergency planning and "Community Right-to-Know" reporting on hazardous and toxic chemicals. The Community Right-to-Know provisions help increase the public's knowledge and access to information on chemicals at individual facilities, their uses, and releases into the environment. States and communities, working with facilities, can use the information to improve chemical safety and protect public health and the environment. Hazardous chemical training must be conducted annually.	42 U.S.C. 11021 and 11022; 40 C.F.R. 370.21 and 370.25: By March 1st of each year, the owner or operator of any facility which is required to have available a material safety data sheet for a hazardous chemical under OSHA shall prepare and submit an emergency and hazardous chemical inventory. Facilities must report the storage, use, and release of certain hazardous chemicals bi- annually.
Energy Policy Act 42 U.S.C.13201-13574	14 C.F.R. 313	Addresses energy production and contains Underground Storage Tank provisions. Underground Storage Tank Training must be conducted every seven years.	Underground Storage Tank annual registration and postings required September 1 of each year.

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act 7 U.S.C. 136-136y	40 C.F.R. 152-180	Provides for federal regulation of pesticide distribution, sale, and use.	Not Applicable
Guarding and Use of Hand & Portable Powered Tools	29 C.F.R. 1910.243	tools/equipment (ex: saws/drills/drivers/sanders/grinders/ pneumatic tools/explosive fasteners, etc.) including tools furnished by employees.	Not Applicable
Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 42 U.S.C. 6921-6939g	40 C.F.R. 260 40 C.F.R. 280.10	Regulation of underground storage tanks and land-based disposal of hazardous substances.	Requires reporting of installation of tanks, suspected releases, and confirmed releases to authorities.
Hazardous Materials Transportation Act 49 U.S.C. 5101-5128	49 C.F.R. 107 49 C.F.R. 172	and enforcement authority of the Secretary of Transportation.	University personnel who transport or cause to be transported hazardous materials must file annually a registration statement by June 30.
Housing & Urban Development Lead Based Paint Poisoning in Certain Residential Structures 42 U.S.C. 4852d	40 C.F.R. 745	The University must provide lessees with a federally-approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.	Annually, the University must provide a disclosure notice to lessees of property built prior to 1978 that such structures may contain lead based paint and/or lead based paint hazards, regarding the health risks of such hazard, and disclosing any known lead paint or hazard.
Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases Public Law No. 110-161	40 C.F.R. 86 40 C.F.R. 87 40 C.F.R. 89	Effective December 29, 2009, and implemented under the Environmental Protection Agency s (EPA) powers under the Clean Air Act, the rule requires that the University submit an annual report on the University s greenhouse gas emissions. Gases covered by the rule include carbon dioxide (CO2), methane (CH4), nitrous oxide (N2O), hydro fluorocarbons (HFC), per fluorocarbons (PFC), sulfur hexafluoride (SF6) and other fluorinated gases and hydro fluorinated ethers.	The University must submit an annual report on the University s greenhouse gas emissions.

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Medical Waste Tracking Act 42 U.S.C. 6992		If the University is a generator of medical (biological) waste it must track it from "cradle to grave" and make all records available to the Environmental Protection Agency upon request. Medical waste includes but is not limited to: Cultures of infectious agents, discarded vaccines, tissues, organs, body parts, blood products, sharps, soiled dressings and surgical gloves, etc.	Not Applicable
Motor Carrier Act of 1980 49 U.S.C. 13101-14916	49 C.F.R. 386	Institutions are liable for any pollution-related incident that occurs during the transportation of hazardous material.	Not Applicable
Oil Pollution Act 33 U.S.C. 2701-2762	15 C.F.R. 990	Regulation requires container inspection and integrity, testing, recordkeeping, annual training for employees who handle oil, and annual discharge prevention briefings.	Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure Rule reporting due every five years.
OSHA 29 U.S.C. 651-678	29 C.F.R. 1900-2400	Requires employers to train employees on hazards in the workplace, to provide information to employees, to report occupational injuries and illnesses to the federal government, and to keep records of same, and to provide controls and protective equipment as well.	Not Applicable
OSHA - Bloodborne Pathogens Standard	29 C.F.R. 1910.1030	The University must maintain a written exposure control plan and provide appropriate instruction on precautions to all workers who might become exposed to blood or other potentially infectious materials.	Not Applicable
OSHA Asbestos in Construction Standard	29 C.F.R. 1926.1101		Not Applicable
OSHA Asbestos in General Industry Standard	29 C.F.R. 1910.1001	The University must ensure that no employee is exposed to an airborne concentration of asbestos in excess of 0.1 fiber per cubic centimeter of air as an eight hour time-weighted average. Applies to occupational exposure other than construction. The University must perform initial monitoring where employees are or may reasonably be expected to be exposed at or above the exposure limit, and must promptly notify such employees of the results within 15 working days. Required, repeated monitoring depends on the initial results. Additional safety and compliance procedures are required.	Not Applicable

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 OSHA Enforcement Guidance for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) in General Industry	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617 29 C.F.R. 1910.132	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act. OSHA requires the use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to reduce employee exposure to hazards when engineering and administrative controls are not feasible or effective in reducing these exposures to acceptable levels. The new guidance, effective February 10, 2011, clarifies what type of PPE employers must provide at no cost to workers and when employers are required to pay for PPE.	Not Applicable Not Applicable
OSHA Lead in Construction Standard	29 C.F.R. 1926.62	Applies to exposure to lead during construction only. The University must conduct lead exposure assessments for construction jobs (alternation, repair, demolition, painting, decorating) with possible exposure to lead to determine if exposure threshold met (i.e. > 50 micrograms concentration per cubic meter of air averaged over an 8 hours). If threshold met, the University must notify affected employee, institute engineering and work practice controls to reduce exposure to permissible levels, and conduct repeat monitoring. Also applies to contractors.	Not Applicable
OSHA Lead in General Industry Standard		Applies to occupational exposure to lead by employees in non-construction setting. The University must ensure no employee is exposed to > 50 micrograms lead concentration per cubic meter of air averaged over an 8 hours. Where there is potential exposure, the University must make a determination as to whether employees are so exposed, and if so must notify the employee, institute corrective action via engineering and work practice controls, and repeat monitoring activities.	Not Applicable
OSHA Welding, Cutting, and Brazing	29 C.F.R. 1910.251	Before cutting/welding can be permitted, the area must be inspected by the individual responsible for authorizing cutting/welding operations, and who must designate precautions to be followed in granting authorization, preferably in the form of a written permit. Cutting/welding shall be permitted only in areas that are or have been made fire safe, and appropriate PPE and clothing based on the type of work performed must be used. (Note: Per OSHA, to minimize carbon monoxide hazard, maintain 3-4 feet of clear ventilation space around generators).	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
OSHA Hazard Communication Standard	29 C.F.R. 1910.1200	To comply with employees' right to know about the hazards associated with materials/substances they use on the job, the University must compile and maintain chemical inventories, and make Material Safety Data Sheets readily available upon employee request.	Not Applicable
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act 42 U.S.C. 6901-6992k	40 C.F.R. 98.250 40 C.F.R. 260	reduce quantity and toxicity of waste to the degree economically practicable; Establish record-keeping practices for waste generated; Use appropriate containers and labeling practices for storage, transport or disposal, and use a manifest system. If the university is a small quantity generator, it must provide to the EPA every year setting out quantities and nature of waste generated, how disposed, efforts to reduce volume and toxicity, and changes in volume and toxicity achieved. Underground Storage Tank training must be conducted every 7 years.	
The Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act 18 U.S.C. 175b		Services. Requires prompt notification of the release of a select agent outside of the biocontainment area, or of theft or loss of a select agent.	Universities must keep comprehensive inventories of select agents and must submit the names and other identifying information for individuals who the university determines have a legitimate need to handle or use the toxins.

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Toxic Substances Control Act 15 U.S.C. 2601-2629	40 C.F.R. 761	transformers containing PCBs. The Act requires the identification, inventory, marking and quarterly inspection of PCB transformers.	15 U.S.C. 2607; 40 C.F.R. 761.180: A written annual document log of the disposition of PCBs and PCB items must be prepared for each facility by July 1st, covering the previous calendar year (January through December). The written annual report, which summarizes the records and annual document log shall be submitted to the EPA Regional Administrator by July 15th of each year.
		Ethics	
Ethics in Government Act (Amended by Ethics Reform Act and Honest Leadership and Open Government Act of 2007) 5 U.S.C. 7353	5 C.F.R. 2635 41 C.F.R. 301-1.2 41 C.F.R. 304-1.2	Members of Congress and officers and employees of the executive, legislative, and judicial branches are barred from soliciting or accepting anything of value from anyone seeking official action from, doing business with, or conducting activities regulated by the individual's employing entity or whose interests may be substantially affected by the performance or nonperformance of the individual's official duties. A private university that does not employee a lobbyist is subject to restrictions.	Not Applicable
House and Senate Gift Ban and Ethics Rules	Chapter 2 House Ethics Manual Chapter 2 Senate Ethics Manual	Both the House and Senate have banned gifts from registered lobbyists or private entities that retain or employ them. Non-lobbyists can give gifts valued at less than \$50, such as a meal at a briefing for a Member of Congress and their staff that is valued at less than \$50 per person.	Not Applicable
		Export Controls	
Arms Export Control Act 22 U.S.C.2751-2799aa-2		President to exercise this authority. Executive Order 11958, as amended, delegated this statutory authority to the Secretary of State.	Not Applicable
Export Administration Act of 1979 50 U.S.C. 2401-2420	15 C.F.R. 730-774	Primary statutory basis for the Export Administration Regulations, which regulate the export of certain dual use item, i.e. items that are capable of both civilian and military use.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable		
International Emergency Economic Powers Act 50 U.S.C.1701-1707		Authorizes the President to declare the existence of an "unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, or economy of the United States" that originates "in whole or substantial part outside the United States." It further authorizes the President, after such a declaration, to block transactions and freeze assets to deal with the threat. In the event of an actual attack on the United States, the President can also confiscate property connected with a country, group, or person that aided in the attack.	Not Applicable		
International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) 22 U.S.C. 2778	22 C.F.R. 120-130	The International Traffic in Arms Regulations govern the export of defense articles and defense services, i.e. those items with a military application. The licensing conditions for materials covered as military products and technology are set forth at 22 U.S.C. 2778. The Department of State administers this law.	Not Applicable		
Trading with the Enemy Act 22 U.S.C. 7201-7211	31 C.F.R. 500	Foreign Assets Control Regulations of the U.S. Department of Treasury require persons subject to U.S. jurisdiction to have a license to engage in certain transactions related to travel to, from and within regulated countries.	Not Applicable		
	Financial Aid				

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1087aa-1087ii	34 C.F.R. 674.19	Perkins Loans are not currently supported or funded by the federal government, and are self-sustaining only. Authorization of additional appropriations for the Federal Perkins Loan program beyond FY2015 is prohibited. The University must: 1) Make loans first to students with exceptional need; 2) provide assurances that thorough and adequate loan information is provided to student borrowers; and 3) enter into cooperative agreements with credit bureaus to exchange information concerning student borrowers. At or prior to making a Perkins Loan the University must disclose thorough and adequate loan information including: 1) Name of institution of higher education and payment address; 2) principal loan amount and interest rate; 3) charges collected at or prior to disbursal and whether deducted from the loan or paid separately by borrower; 4) yearly and cumulative maximum amounts that may be borrowed; 5) when repayment is required and when accrued interest must be paid; 6) minimum and maximum repayment term, minimum monthly payment; 7) definition of default and consequences, and default penalty; 8) total cumulative balance and projected monthly payment; 9) options for consolidation or refinancing; 10) right to prepay without penalty and deferral options; 11) effect of loan on eligibility for other aid; 12) cost to borrower in making loan; and 13) a notice and explanation regarding the end to future availability of the loan made under this part. An institution was able to make loans to an eligible undergraduate borrower under the Perkins program through September 30, 2016, provided that the institution had already awarded all Federal Direct Loans for which the student was eligible. Through March 31, 2018, an institution may continue to disburse Perkins Loans to an eligible graduate student to enable the student to continue or complete an academic program, provided that the student received a Perkins loan for an academic year ending prior to October 1, 2016, and provided that the institution has awarded all Federal	20 U.S.C. 1087bb and 34 C.F.R. 674.19: Fiscal Operations Report and Application to Participate (FISAP) reports cover the institution's fiscal operations and request for future funding for Title IV Federal campus-based funds (SEOG, Perkins Loans, Work Study, and Federal Pell Grants. Due by October 1 each year.

Age Discrimination Act of	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110		Not Applicable
1975	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance.	
42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	NSF. 45 C.F.R. 017	Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1070b- 1070b-4	34 C.F.R. 676.19	internal control system so no office can both authorize and disburse payments; 4) maintain program and fiscal records; 5) contribute at least 25% of each grant; 6) limit and account for carry-forwards or carry-backs of funds; 7) follow the eligibility requirements and selection criteria set forth by ED; and 8) submit a Fiscal Operations Report and Application to	Fiscal Operations Report and Application to Participate (FISAP) reports cover the institution s fiscal operations and request for future funding for Title IV Federal campus-based funds (SEOG, Perkins Loans, Work-study, and Federal Pell Grants. Due by October 1 each year.
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315 42 U.S.C. 2751-2757	34 C.F.R. 675	Volunteered time does not qualify. The University must use 7% of FWS allocation to employ students in community service, one of whom must be a reading tutor. The University must make students aware of community service opportunities. Private, for-profit entities do not qualify as employers for community service. Students may	Fiscal Operations Report and Application to Participate (FISAP) reports cover the institution's fiscal operations and request for future funding for Title IV Federal campus-based funds (SEOG, Perkins Loans, Work-study, and Federal Pell Grants. Due by October 1 each year. The University must reconcile reported student earnings to complete Department of Education Fiscal Operations Report (Form 646-1) at the end of the academic year.

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by	Not Applicable
		the Act.	
Qualified Tuition and Student Loan Interest Reporting 26 U.S.C. 6050S	26 C.F.R. 1.6050S-2 26 C.F.R. 1.6050S-3	Institutions must report (1) qualified tuition and related expenses and (2) student loan interest to the IRS. Institutions must also provide payors with a statement that includes the tax information furnished to the IRS.	Institutions must complete Form 1098-T (qualified tuition payments) and Form 1098-E (student loan interest payments), both of which must be filed with the IRS on or before February 28th, or March 31st if filed electronically. The required statement to all persons who made qualified tuition or student loan interest payments must be sent to the payor on or before January 31st of the year following the calendar year in which payments were received or amounts were billed for qualified tuition and related expenses, or in which the student loan interest payments were received. The statement may simply be a copy of Form 1098-T or Form 1098-E, respectively. Institutions must certify that they have met the regulatory requirements for soliciting student taxpayer identification numbers (TINs) at least once during the year.

1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315	34 C.F.R. 668.41- 668.49	Annually the University must distribute to all enrolled students a notice of availability of the following: 1) Financial assistance available; 2) institutional information (e.g. cost of attendance including tuition, room, board, books and transportation; refund policy; description of academic programs and facilities; withdrawal requirements, facilities for the disabled; names of accrediting or licensing entities); 3) completion, graduation, and transfer-out rates; 4) annual security report; 5) report on athletic program participation rates and financial support data; 6) FERPA notice regarding how to obtain student information. The foregoing must also be made available to prospective students upon request. Notice may be given online.	Part of the Financial Aid Consumer/Student Disclosures sent to students each semester.
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315			Part of the Financial Aid Consumer/Student Disclosures sent to students each semester.
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1092		Section 488 requires exit counseling to borrowers by institutions to include information on repayment plans, debt management, and forbearance programs, among other specific information. Requires institutions to provide comprehensive information on the terms and conditions of loans and borrowers' responsibilities prior to loan disbursement to a first-time borrower. Information shall be provided in simple and understandable terms and may be provided: during an entrance counseling session conducted in person; on a separate written form provided to the borrower that the borrower signs and returns to the institution of higher education; or, online, with the borrower acknowledging receipt of the information. Institutions of higher education are encouraged to provide entrance counseling through interactive programs that test borrowers' understanding of the terms and conditions of their loans. Effective August 14, 2008, the University must disclose publicly in a readable and comprehensible manner its transfer of credit policy, which must include criteria regarding transfer of credit and a list of institutions with which it has established an articulation agreement.	Part of the Financial Aid Consumer/Student Disclosures sent to students each semester.

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1078-2		PLUS Loans are available to the parents of eligible students through the FDLP (Direct) or FFEL (private) program, but not both. If applications are made for an FFEL PLUS loan, the University must: 1) Verify the parent's immigration status and social security number in the same manner verified for students; 2) extend PLUS loans only to parents who do not have an adverse credit history; 3) extend such loans on the same terms, conditions and benefits as other FFEL loans; 4) for any academic year, limit the loan amount to the student's estimated cost of attendance minus other financial aid; and 5) be disbursed to the institution electronically or co-payable to the school and parent. Graduate/professional degree students are eligible to borrow under the PLUS Loan Program up to their cost of attendance minus other estimated financial assistance in both the FFEL and Direct Loan Program. The terms and conditions applicable to Parent PLUS Loans apply to Graduate/Professional PLUS loans.	Part of the Financial Aid Consumer/Student Disclosures sent to students each semester.
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315		Section 493 mandates that a school have a code of conduct and requires that officers, employees, and agents of institutions that have loan responsibilities are informed annually about the institution's code of conduct.	On the Financial Aid website and each staff member has signed a code of conduct. Copies are placed in HR files.
		The University must develop a Code of Conduct for financial aid practices that prohibits conflicts of interest, and is published prominently on the University's website and distributed annually to relevant personnel.	
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1015		Section 111: Any institution that receives Title IV funds must post on the institution's website a net price calculator to help current and prospective students estimate their individual net price at that institution as well as other financial aid information. Any institution that appears on the Department of Education's list of institutions with the largest percentage increase in tuition and fees or net price over the most recent three academic years must submit a report to the Department that includes the reason for the increase and the steps that will be taken to reduce cost.	On the Financial Aid website. Link: http://www.wright.edu/raiderconn ect/forms-and-resources/cost- estimator

Age Discrimination Act of	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that	Not Applicable
1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	пчот Арріїсавіе
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315		records that document: 1) Its eligibility to participate and eligibility of its programs to receive funds; 2) its administration of the HEA programs per applicable requirements; 3) its financial responsibility; 4) information included in any application for program funds; and 5) its disbursement and delivery of program funds. The University must maintain the following financial information: 1) The Student Aid Report (SAR) or Institutional Student Information Record (ISIR); 2) application data submitted on behalf of the student or parent; 3) documentation of each student's or parent borrower's eligibility for and receipt of program funds and loan detail; 4) documentation of and information collected at initial or exit loan counseling; 5) reports and forms used by the University in participating in an HEA program, and any records needed to verify data in those reports and forms; and 6) documentation supporting calculations of the University's completion or graduation rates. The University must keep records relating to administration of the Federal Perkins Loan, FWS, FSEOG, or Federal Pell Grant Program for three years after the end of the award year for which the aid was awarded and disbursed. The University must keep records relating to a student or parent borrower's eligibility and participation in the FFEL or Direct Loan Program for three years after the end of the award year in which the student last attended the institution. All other records relating to the University's participation in the FFEL or Direct Loan Program must be kept for three years after the end of the award year in which the records are submitted. Records pertaining to any loan, claim, or expenditure questioned by a program audit, review, or investigation must be kept until resolution or the end of the applicable retention period, whichever is later.	Financial Aid completes, maintains, and updates the Program Participation Agreement and ECAR to participate in Title IV Programs.
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315	134 C.F.R. 668.53	The University must maintain and use written policies and procedures for verifying information contained in student aid applications. Policies and procedures must include: 1) The time period for applicants to provide documentation and consequences for failure to do so; 2) the school's verification requirements and method for notifying applicants of the results of the verification process; 3) how to correct erroneous application information; 4) how to make referrals to the Department of Education's Office of Inspector General for suspected criminal conduct by students in applying for aid.	Not Applicable

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315	34 C.F.R. 668.82	The University acts as a fiduciary in administering Title IV, HEA programs. Failure to administer the program or account for the funds received under that program in accordance with the highest standard of care and diligence constitutes grounds for: 1) An emergency action; 2) a fine (up to \$27,500 per violation); or 3) limitation, suspension, or termination of the institution's participation in that program.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1094(h)		The University may maintain a preferred vendor list so long as it is not used to deny or impede a borrower's choice of lenders, offers three or more lenders not affiliated with one another, and doesn't include lenders who have offered financial or other benefits to be included on the list. The University must disclose to borrowers the method and criteria used to select preferred lenders, and offer comparative information to borrowers about each lender's benefits. The University must include in its preferred lender materials a prominent statement that borrowers are not required to use any lender on the list, and may not delay award certification because a preferred lender is not used. The preferred lender list and associated information must be updated annually.	This information is available to all students via the Financial Aid website. Link: http://www.wright.edu/raiderconn ect/financial-aid/student-loans#alternative
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1099c	34 C.F.R. 668.13	Obtain from the Secretary certification that it provides higher education (i.e. that it is an "eligible institution"); and 2) where the HEA program has undergone a change in ownership that results in a change in control, the University's chief administrator and its designated HEA	Financial Aid completes, maintains, and updates the Program Participation Agreement and ECAR to participate in Title IV Programs.
Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-315	34 C.F.R. 668.23	The University must at least annually have an independent auditor (independent certified public accountant or a government auditor) conduct a compliance audit of its administration of that program and an audit of the institution's general purpose financial statements. An audit conducted in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance satisfies this requirement. The audit must cover all Title IV, HEA program transactions. Fine of up to \$27,500 per violation and/or program suspension for failure to comply.	The compliance audit and audited financial statements must be submitted to the Secretary no later than six months after the last day of the institution's fiscal year.

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 20 U.S.C. 1094	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act. An institution may participate in any Title IV, HEA program (other than the LEAP and NEISP programs) only if the institution enters into a written program participation agreement with the Department of Education. The required written program participation agreement requires that the University: 1) Maintain administrative and fiscal procedures for proper and efficient administration of program funds; 2) demonstrate financial responsibility and administrative capability; and 3) certify that it has a drug abuse prevention program available to everyone, a campus security policy, and that it is in compliance with athletic program participation rate and financial support data disclosures. Under the written program participation agreement the University is prohibited from engaging in the following activities: 1) Charging students fees for processing program eligibility applications, forms or data; 2) knowingly employing or contracting with individuals or entities in any capacity involving administration of HEA programs if they have been found to have committed fraud or other violations involving federal/state/local funds; 3) penalizing or denying students access because of inability to meet financial obligations resulting from delays in disbursement due to program compliance requirements or institutional delays; and	and prospective students information on the entire Federal,
		committed fraud or other violations involving federal/state/local funds; 3) penalizing or denying students access because of inability to meet financial obligations resulting from	at least 120 days before the
		under this part.	
Student Loan Default Prevention Initiative Act of 1990 20 U.S.C. 1001-1019d	34 C.F.R. 675 34 C.F.R. 676	Renders institutions with high default rates on student loans ineligible to participate in certain student loan programs.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Student Right to Know Act Public Law No. 101-542 20 U.S.C. 1092	34 C.F.R. 668.41 34 C.F.R. 668.45 34 C.F.R. 668.48	The University must have full time financial aid staff to assist students. University must make readily available upon request, through publications, mailings and electronic media, to enrolled and prospective students: 1) Financial aid programs available; 2) methods by which assistance is distributed among recipients; 3) means and requirements for applying; 4) rights and responsibilities when receiving aid; 5) cost of attendance; 6) refund policy, and grant return and withdrawal requirements; 7) the academic degree program; 8) names of financial aid personnel; 9) handicapped facilities; 10) names of accrediting entities; 11) academic standards; 12) graduation rates; 13) loan deferral and cancellation terms; 14) applicability of aid for study abroad; and 15) campus crime report. Annually the University must provide a list of this info to all enrolled students with the procedures for obtaining it. The University also must provide exit counseling for borrowers under this section. Annually the University must prepare the completion or graduation rate of its certificate or degree-seeking, full-time undergraduate students. As a member of an athletic conference, however, the Secretary of Education allows this requirement to be satisfied by the NCAA report to prospective student athletes, their coaches, parents and guidance counselors regarding completion or graduation rates for student athletes. The University must publish this data by July 1st, and the Spring IPEDS reporting satisfies that deadline.	The University must publish this data by July 1st and the Spring IPEDS reporting satisfies that deadline.
Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972 20 U.S.C. 1681-1688	DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 42.201-42.215 ED: 34 C.F.R. 106 EEOC: 29 C.F.R. 1604 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 86	program or activity, the recipient must ensure that it does not provide different types or amounts of assistance, limit eligibility for such assistance, apply different criteria, or otherwise discriminate in the provision of financial assistance on the basis of sex. Any grievance records relating to a Title IX violation or complaint must be retained for the period of time cited in state law for personal injury actions.	Information located on the Financial Aid website. Link: http://www.wright.edu/raiderconn ect/financial-aid/student-financial-aid-philosophy-and-guidelines
		Fundraising & Development	

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Controlling the Assault of Non-Solicited Pornography And Marketing Act of 2003 (CAN-SPAM Act) 15 U.S.C. 7701-7713	16 C.F.R. 316	Prohibits the inclusion of deceptive or misleading information and subject headings, requires identifying information such as a return address in email messages, and prohibits sending emails to a recipient after an explicit response that the recipient does not want to continue receiving messages. In addition to bulk email, the law covers all commercial messages, which it defines as any electronic mail message the primary purpose of which is the commercial advertisement or promotion of a commercial product or service. Each separate email in violation of the CAN-SPAM Act is subject to penalties of up to \$16,000.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Act 20 U.S.C. 1001-1161aa		Section 1011(f) mandates that, whenever schools are owned or controlled by a foreign source, or receive a gifts from or enters into contracts with a foreign source totaling more than \$250,000 within a calendar year, the school shall file a disclosure report with the Secretary of Education on January 31 or July 31, whichever is sooner.	January 31 or July 31 (if applicable)
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1094		Section 493 mandates schools have a code of conduct and requires that officers, employees, and agents of institutions that have loan responsibilities are informed annually about the institution's code of conduct.	Not Applicable
Internal Revenue Code: Substantiation and Disclosure Provisions 26 U.S.C. 170		Substantiation and disclosure provisions apply to contributions made to tax-exempt organizations after December 31, 1993. For charitable contributions of \$250 or more, the donor must receive a contemporaneous written acknowledgment from the organization of the gift. The acknowledgment should note the amount of any cash contribution and, if the donation is in the form of property, the acknowledgment must describe, but need not value the property. Valuation of the property is the responsibility of the donor.	Not Applicable
Pension Protection Act 26 U.S.C. 170		No deduction will be allowed for the donor for a contribution of \$250 or more (whether in cash or property) unless the donor has a contemporaneous written acknowledgment from the university substantiating the contribution. The university must provide a written disclosure statement to the donor(s) who make payments described as quid pro quo contributions in excess of \$75.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 Philanthropy Protection Act of 1995 Public Law No. 104-62	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act. Requires the university to provide a disclosure statement to all annuitants in a Gift Annuity Fund and also to provide the same to all prospective donors at the time of solicitation, using a letter or pamphlet format. Prohibits the payment of commissions or remuneration to anyone based on the value of a	Not Applicable Not Applicable
		charitable gift annuity given to a public charity. Governance	
Federal Sentencing Guidelines 18 U.S.C. chapters 227-235 28 U.S.C. chapter 58	2016 Guidelines Manual	The guidelines at section 8B2.1 set forth the requirements for an effective compliance and ethics program for organizations. Organizations are vicariously liable under federal criminal law for acts committed by their agents. The definition of organization at 18 U.S.C. 18 includes non-profits such as a university.	Not Applicable
Internal Revenue Service: Governance Information Required on Form 990		the Form 990.	Not Applicable
		Grants Management	
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) Self Disclosure Public Law No. 111-5		Recipients of ARRA-funded grants and contracts must disclose promptly to an appropriate inspector general any credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, contractor, sub recipient or other person has submitted a false claim under the False Claims Act or has committed a criminal or civil violation of laws pertaining to fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, gratuity or similar misconduct involving ARRA funds.	Not Applicable
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) Jobs Accountability Act Public Law No. 111-5, 1512		ARRA requires federal contractors receiving awards or modifications to awards funded in whole or in part by the Act to report quarterly on use of those funds. Reporting must be no later than 10 days after end of each calendar quarter and report must have the following: 1) Total amount of ARRA funds received; 2) total amount of ARRA funds expended; 3) detailed list of projects/activities for which funds expended including an evaluation of completion status and estimate of the number of jobs created or retained for each; and 4) detailed information on sub awards including info required by Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006.	Quarterly reporting of use of ARRA funds.

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Byrd Amendment 31 U.S.C. 1352	32 C.F.R. 28 34 C.F.R. 82.100		Requires certification and disclosure with each submission for consideration of a federal contract, grant or cooperative agreement exceeding \$100,000 or an award of a federal loan or commitment providing for the U.S. to insure or guarantee a loan exceeding \$150,000. Federal contractors, grantees and those receiving federal loans and cooperative agreements must also report lobbying expenditures from non-federal sources which they used to obtain such federal program monies or contracts.
Department of Education General Administrative Regulations and Other Applicable Grant Regulations	34 C.F.R. 75-79, 81- 86, and 97-99	The Department of Education's General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) regulate the administration of grants and agreements with certain programs, including direct grant programs, state administered programs, drug and alcohol abuse prevention programs, and research involving human subjects. For awards made prior to 12/26/2014, EDGAR parts 74 and 80 (related to administration of grants and agreements with institutions of higher education and with state and local governments) still apply (to view prior versions of the CFR and for additional explanation, visit here). For awards made on or after 12/26/2014, 2 CFR Part 200, which includes the substance formerly in parts 74 and 80, applies.	Not Applicable
Department of Health and Human Services Grants Policy Statement		Intended to make available in a single document the general terms and conditions of HHS discretionary grant and cooperative agreement awards. This policy statement applies only to HHS discretionary grant programs and only to awards to organizational entities made by Operating Divisions other than the National Institutes of Health (NIH). It does not apply to awards under mandatory grant programs (e.g., entitlement programs) or to awards made directly to individuals (e.g., scholarships).	Not Applicable

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 False Claims Act 31 U.S.C. 3729-3733	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act. A person does not violate the False Claims Act by submitting a false claim to the government; to violate the FCA a person must have submitted, or caused the submission of, the false claim (or made a false statement or record) with knowledge of the falsity. Defines a claim as a demand for money or property made directly to the Federal Government or to a contractor, grantee, or other recipient if the money is to spent on the government s behalf and if the Federal Government provides any of the money demanded or if the Federal	Not Applicable Not Applicable
Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) Public Law No. 110-417, 872		Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) is a federally-mandated information system that contains specific information on the integrity and ethical performance of covered Federal contractors and grantees. The University must disclose certain ethical and performance information (such as criminal, civil and administrative findings against specific individuals) at the proposal stage for use by federal acquisition professionals in award and responsibility determinations. The Past Performance Information Retrieval System (PPIRS) is the mechanism for that reporting.	Not Applicable
Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA) Public Law No. 109- 282		The Act requires full disclosure to public of all entities/orgs receiving federal funds via single searchable website accessible to public at no cost (www.USASpending.gov). For each award the University must include: 1) Name of receiving entity; 2) amount; 3) transaction type, funding agency and program source; 4) location of recipient entity and primary location of performance; 5) reporting on executive compensation for first-tier sub award recipients; and 6) unique recipient entity identifier. Reporting requirements apply to vendors as well as subgrantees.	Reporting must occur in the month following the date of full execution of the sub-award (as determined by the University).
Fraud Enforcement and Recovery Act of 2009 (FERA) Public Law No. 111-21		The Act clarifies that the False Claims Act was intended to cover to any false or fraudulent claim for government money or property, regardless of whether the claim is presented to a government official or employee, whether the government has physical custody of the money, or whether the defendant specifically intended to defraud the government. FERA also expands the False Claims Act provisions to sub-recipients of federal funds.	Not Applicable
		Health Care & Insurance	

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Aga Discrimination Act of	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that	Not Applicable
Age Discrimination Act of 1975	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90	receive federal financial assistance.	Not Applicable
42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617		
		Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	
Controlled Substances Act 21 U.S.C. 801-889	21 C.F.R. 1300	Regulates the manufacture and distribution of narcotics, stimulants, depressants, hallucinogens, anabolic steroids, and chemicals used in the illicit production of controlled substances.	By January 15, qualifying entities must submit to the Attorney General an annual report of controlled substances in stock
		All substances are placed in one of five schedules, based on medicinal value, harmfulness, and potential for abuse or addiction, with Schedule 1 reserved for the most dangerous drugs that have no recognized medical use.	and quarterly reports of acquisition and distribution of controlled substances.
Health Insurance Portability &	45 C.F.R. 160	Establishes national standards to protect individuals' medical records and other personal	Health plans must provide a
Accountability Act of 1996	45 C.F.R. 164	health information.	Notice of Privacy Practices to
Public Law No. 104-191			enrollees once every three years
		Requires appropriate safeguards to protect the privacy of personal health information, and sets limits and conditions on the uses and disclosures that may be made of such information without patient authorization.	and when there is a change to the policy.
		Gives patients rights over their health information, including rights to examine and obtain a copy of their health records, and to request corrections.	
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315		Section 488: Requires institutions to disclose policies on all vaccinations.	Part of the Financial Aid Consumer/Student Disclosures sent to students each semester.
		Housing	
Americans with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C. 12101-12213		Requires reasonable accommodations to allow a qualified person with a disability to participate fully in the programs and activities of the university.	Not Applicable
		Requires that universities ensure that no individual with a disability is discriminated against on the basis of a disability in the full and equal enjoyment of the universities services and facilities, including university housing.	
		Enforced by multiple federal agencies, including the Department of Justice, Department of Labor, and the EEOC.	

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 Section 504 of The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 29 U.S.C. 793	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617 34 C.F.R. 104 45 C.F.R. 84	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable Not Applicable
		others. If an existing facility is not accessible, redesign of equipment, reassignment of classes or other services to accessible buildings is an alternative to new construction. Newly constructed facilities must be readily accessible to persons with disabilities. Each facility or part of a facility which is altered in a manner that affects or could affect the usability of the facility or part of the facility shall, to the maximum extent feasible, be altered in such manner that the altered portion of the facility is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.	
Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972 20 U.S.C. 1681-1688	DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 42.201-42.215 ED: 34 C.F.R. 106 EEOC: 29 C.F.R. 1604 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 86	Under the Title IX common rule, a recipient may not apply different rules or regulations, impose different fees or requirements, or offer different services or benefits related to housing based on sex. However, a recipient may provide separate housing on the basis of sex if such housing is both proportionate in quantity to the number of students of each sex applying for the housing and comparable in quality and cost to the student. Any grievance records relating to a Title IX violation or complaint must be retained for the period of time cited in state law for personal injury actions.	Not Applicable
		Human Resources: Discrimination	
Age Discrimination Employment Act of 1967 29 U.S.C. 621-634	29 C.F.R. 1625-1627	discriminate against any individual with respect to compensation, terms, conditions or privileges of employment because of age.	Not Applicable
Americans with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C. 12101-12213	29 C.F.R. 1630	Prohibits covered entities from discriminating on the basis of disability against a qualified individual in regard to recruitment, hiring, wages, promotion, and other employment-related matters. Enforced by multiple federal agencies, including the Department of Justice, Department of	Not Applicable
		Labor, and the EEOC.	

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Equal Employment of Veterans 38 U.S.C.4211-4215	41 C.F.R. 60-250.5	For federal subcontracts of \$100,000 or more the University shall include in each of its subcontracts a clause that the subcontractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because he or she is a special disabled veteran, veteran of the Vietnam era, recently separated veteran, or other protected veteran in regard to any position for which the employee or applicant for employment is qualified. The university must agree to take affirmative action to employ and advance qualified individuals without discrimination based on such status.	Not Applicable
Equal Employment Opportunity Executive Order 11246 (OFCCP)	41 C.F.R. 60-1.4	Federal contractors must not discriminate in employment decisions on the basis of race, religion, color, sex, or national origin. Covered institutions must take affirmative action to ensure applicants are treated without regard to such factors.	Not Applicable
Genetic Information Non- Discrimination Act of 2008 Public Law No. 110-233	29 C.F.R. 1635	Under Title II of GINA, it is illegal to discriminate against employees or applicants because of genetic information.	Not Applicable
Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009 Public Law No. 111-2		An individual subjected to compensation discrimination under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, or the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 may file a charge within 180 (or 300) days of any of the following: 1) when a discriminatory compensation decision or other discriminatory practice affecting compensation is adopted; 2) when the individual becomes subject to a discriminatory compensation decision or other discriminatory practice affecting compensation; or 3) when the individual's compensation is affected by the application of a discriminatory compensation decision or other discriminatory practice, including each time the individual receives compensation that is based in whole or part on such compensation decision or other practice. The Act has a retroactive effective date of May 28, 2007, and applies to all claims of discriminatory compensation pending on or after that date.	Not Applicable
The Equal Pay Act of 1963 29 U.S.C. 206(d)	29 C.F.R. 1620 29 C.F.R. 1621 29 C.F.R. 1604	Prohibits sex-based wage discrimination between men and women in the same establishment who perform jobs that require substantially equal skill, effort and responsibility under similar working conditions.	Not Applicable

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1975	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 29 U.S.C. 2601-2654	29 C.F.R. 825	Entitles eligible employees of covered employers to take unpaid, job-protected leave for specified family and medical reasons with continuation of group health insurance coverage under the same terms and conditions as if the employee had not taken leave. The University must permit a "spouse, son, daughter, parent, or next of kin" to take up to 26 workweeks of leave to care for a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness.	Not Applicable
Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972 20 U.S.C. 1681-1688	29 C.F.R. 1604	Prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance, including employment. Any grievance records relating to a Title IX violation or complaint must be retained for the period of time cited in state law for personal injury actions.	Not Applicable
42 USCU.S.C. 2000e-2000e-17	42.101-112	Title VII prohibits discrimination in hiring, firing, training, promotion, discipline, or other workplace decisions on the basis of an employee or applicant s race, color, sex, national origin, or religion. Sexual harassment is also prohibited under this law. Allows for compensatory and punitive damages and jury trials when intentional employment discrimination can be shown with respect to one of the Title VII protected classes or with respect to protection offered by the Americans with Disabilities Act or the Rehabilitation Act. Prohibits discrimination on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, or related illness in employment opportunities, health or disability insurance programs, or sick leave plans.	Not Applicable
Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) 38 U.S.C. 4301-4335	5 C.F.R. 353	Seeks to ensure that members of the uniformed services are entitled to return to their civilian employment upon completion of their service. Qualified employees must be reinstated with the seniority, status, and rate of pay they would have obtained had they remained continuously employed by their civilian employer. The law also protects individuals from discrimination in hiring, promotion, and retention on the basis of present and future membership in the armed services.	Not Applicable
		Human Resources: Employee Benefits	

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Cafeteria Plan Regulations 26 U.S.C. 125	26 C.F.R. 1.125-4	A cafeteria plan is a written plan that allows employees to exclude from gross income certain types of employer provided benefits, such as accident and health insurance, group term and life insurance, and benefits under a dependent care assistance program. Qualified scholarships or tuition reduction, educational assistance or deferred compensation may not be excluded from income. For purposes of determining the taxable year of inclusion, any benefit described in paragraph (1) or (2) from the statute shall be treated as received or accrued in the taxable year of the participant or key employee in which the plan year ends.	Not Applicable
Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) Public Law No. 99-272	29 C.F.R. 2590	Enables employees and their families to continue health care coverage under an employer s group health plan even after they experience an event that would otherwise end their coverage (e.g. layoff, termination, decrease in hours, divorce, etc.).	Not Applicable
Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) 29 U.S.C.1001-1461	29 C.F.R. 2560	Sets minimum standards for participation, vesting, benefit accrual and funding pension plans. Requires employers to regularly provide participants with information about the plan including information about plan features and funding. Requires accountability of plan fiduciaries and gives participants the right to sue for benefits and breaches of fiduciary duty.	The administrator of the University s employee benefit plan must file IRS Form 5500 by the last day of the seventh month after the plan year ends (July 31 for a calendar-year plan).
Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Extension Act of 2007 Public Law No. 110-173		so, must submit to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services the	The University must have an authorized representative who is legally responsible and signs a contract with the government, and also an account manager (must be a different person) who is collecting data and reporting on a quarterly basis. \$1,000 per day civil penalty for each claimant for whom information should have been submitted, but was not.

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act Public Law No. 111-148 42 U.S.C 18001-18122	26 C.F.R. 1 26 C.F.R. 54 26 C.F.R. 301	Beginning in 2015, under IRC 4980H applicable large employers (generally those with 50 or more employees) must pay a tax penalty if (1) they do not offer health insurance coverage to substantially all of their full-time employees or (2) the coverage they do offer is not affordable or does not provide a certain minimum level of benefits. A full-time employee under the employer mandate is defined as a common law employee who is employed an average of at least 30 hours per week. The final regulations offer some specific guidance to higher education institutions with respect to counting the hours worked by certain adjunct faculty and student workers.	By July 31 of each year between 2013 and 2019 (for plan years ending on or after 10/1/12 and before 10/1/19), the university must file IRS Form 720 and pay applicable PCOR (Patient Centered Outcome Research Institute) fees for any covered self-insured plans, at the applicable rate (\$1.00 per covered life for 2012, \$2.00 for 2013, adjusted for health inflation thereafter). Section 6055 requires an applicable large employer to report to the IRS with respect to the minimum essential coverage it provides to an individual during a calendar year. Section 6056 requires an applicable large employer to file a return with the IRS that reports, for each employee who was a full-time employee who was a full-time employee for one or more months during the calendar year, certain information about the health care coverage the employer offered to that employee. Sections 6055 and 6056 also require applicable large employers to furnish, by January 31 of the calendar year following the calendar year for which the return must be filed, related statements to responsible individuals (Section content).

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
The Veterans Readjustment Benefits Act 38 U.S.C. 4211-4214	41 C.F.R. 61-250.10		By September 30th of each year the University must file Federal Contractor Veterans Employment Report (VETS-100) reporting the number of disabled veterans, Vietnam veterans and protected veterans employed and hired.
Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972 20 U.S.C. 1681-1688	29 C.F.R. 1604	Under the Title IX common rule, a recipient must not discriminate on the basis of sex in providing health and insurance benefits or services. Specifically, the provision of such benefits and services to students must meet the same requirements as outlined in the employee provisions of the common rule. Any grievance records relating to a Title IX violation or complaint must be retained for the period of time cited in state law for personal injury actions.	Not Applicable
Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) 38 U.S.C. 4301-4335	5 C.F.R. 353	Seeks to ensure that members of the uniformed services are entitled to return to their civilian employment upon completion of their service. Qualified employees must be reinstated with the seniority, status, and rate of pay they would have obtained had they remained continuously employed by their civilian employer. The law also protects individuals from discrimination in hiring, promotion, and retention on the basis of present and future membership in the armed services.	Not Applicable
		Human Resources: Recruitment, Hiring, & Termination	
Drug & Alcohol Testing of Transportation Employees 49 U.S.C. 31144	49 C.F.R. 40	Commercial motor vehicle operators are subject to pre-employment drug testing, and post-accident, random and reasonable suspicion drug and alcohol testing. Testing is mandatory if the driver is involved in a fatal accident. Passenger vehicle drivers are required to be tested prior to employment.	Not Applicable
		The Code of Federal Regulations sets forth the procedures for administering drug and alcohol testing as mandated by the DOT.	

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Drug Free Workplace Act 41 U.S.C. 701-707	48 C.F.R. 52.223-6 48 C.F.R. 23.504	A federal contractor receiving \$25,000 or more in funding must: 1) Certify it provides a drug-free workplace; 2) publish a statement notifying employees that unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, use of controlled substances is prohibited and stating what action will be taken for violations; 3) establish an ongoing drug-free awareness program; 4) require that each employee directly involved in the contract/grant work notify the employer of any criminal drug statute convictions for a violation occurring in the workplace (however, drug testing is not mandated or authorized); 5) notify the federal government of such a violation within ten days after learning of conviction; and 6) require sanctions or remedial measures for an employee convicted of a drug abuse violation in the workplace. Failure to comply can lead to being barred from participation in future contract or grant activity for up to five (5) years.	Not Applicable
Employee Polygraph Protection Act 29 U.S.C. 2001-2009	29 C.F.R. 801	The University may not: Directly or indirectly require, request, suggest, or cause any employee or prospective employee to take or submit to any lie detector test; Use, accept, refer to, or inquire concerning the results of any lie detector test of any employee or prospective employee; or Discharge, discipline, discriminate against, deny employment or promotion, or threaten such action against any employee or prospective employee who a) refuses, declines, or fails to take or submit to any lie detector test, or b) on the basis of the results of any lie detector test; or 4) discharge, discipline, discriminate against, deny employment or promotion, or threaten such action against any employee or prospective employee a) who has filed a complaint or caused to be instituted any proceeding per this Act, b) has or will testify in any such proceeding, or c) exercises any right per the Act. The University must post a notice of the Act, as prepared by the Secretary of Labor, in conspicuous places where notices to employees and applicants are customarily posted.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) 15 U.S.C.1681-1681x	16 C.F.R. 600	Employers, before obtaining a consumer report (including criminal background checks) must disclose in writing to the applicant or employee that it may obtain a consumer report for employment purposes, and secondly, secure the written consent of the applicant or employee. Note that when using a third party consumer reporting agency to request motor vehicle record checks for employment purposes, the FCRA should be followed, and notice given to the applicant or employee.	Not Applicable
Federal Volunteer Protection Act Public Law No. 105-19 42 U.S.C. 14501-14505			Not Applicable
Immigration and Nationality	8 C.F.R. 214 8 C.F.R. 274a 20 C.F.R. 655 29 C.F.R. 501	The INA, as amended, sets forth the laws governing the admission and employment of foreign nationals in the United States, including provisions that address employment eligibility and employment verification.	Not Applicable
Non-Retaliation for Disclosure of Compensation Information Executive Order 13665	41 C.F.R. § 60	Federal contractors and subcontractors may not fire or otherwise discriminate against any employee or applicant for discussing, disclosing, or inquiring about his or her compensation or that of another employee or applicant. The rule applies to all federal government contractors with contracts entered into or modified on or after January 11, 2016.	Not Applicable
Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act (WARN) 29 U.S.C. 2101-2109		The University must provide 60 days advance notice of plant closings or mass layoffs to affected workers (whether hourly or salaried, including managers or supervisors) or their representatives (i.e. labor union). Notice also must be given to the state dislocated worker unit and the appropriate unit of local government. Failure to comply may result in liability to each aggrieved employee for back pay and benefits for the period of violation up to 60 days, and \$500 for each day of violation for failing to notify the unit of local govt.	Not Applicable
		Human Resources: Retirement	

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Deferred Compensation 26 U.S.C. 457(f)		Any amount of compensation deferred under an eligible deferred compensation plan, and any income attributable to the amounts so deferred, shall be includible in gross income only for the taxable year in which such compensation or other income is paid.	Reporting due by the Administrator by the last day of 7th month after end of plan year. An automatic extension of up to 2 months may be obtained by filing Form 5558 with the IRS before the return/report s regular due date.
Employee Annuities 26 U.S.C. 403			Reporting by the last day of 7th month after end of plan year. An automatic extension of up to 2 months may be obtained by filing Form 5558 with the IRS before the return/report's regular due date.
Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) 29 U.S.C. 18	29 C.F.R. 2560	Sets minimum standards for participation, vesting, benefit accrual and funding pension plans. Requires employers to regularly provide participants with information about the plan including information about plan features and funding. Requires accountability of plan fiduciaries and gives participants the right to sue for benefits and breaches of fiduciary duty.	The administrator of the University s employee benefit plan must file IRS Form 5500 by the last day of the seventh month after the plan year ends (July 31 for a calendar-year plan).
Nonqualified Deferred Inclusion 26 U.S.C. 409A			Reporting due by the last day of 7th month after end of plan year. An automatic extension of up to 2 months may be obtained by filing Form 5558 with the IRS before the return/report s regular due date.

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Qualified Pensions 26 U.S.C. 401		A trust created or organized in the United States and forming part of a stock bonus, pension, or profit-sharing plan of an employer for the exclusive benefit of his employees or their beneficiaries shall constitute a qualified trust.	Reporting due by the Administrator by the last day of 7th month after end of plan year. An automatic extension of up to 2 months may be obtained by filing Form 5558 with the IRS before the return/report s regular due date.
Social Security Act 42 U.S.C. 301-1397mm	20 C.F.R. 404.1028	An employer must pay social security taxes on employees but an exemption exists for most students also working for the university, and for clergy whose services are performed in the exercise of their ministry.	To avoid penalty for reporting incorrect SSN on W-2 file/forms of \$50 each, transmit data file, electronically, to the Social Security Administration (SSA). Report all employees hired in the specific quarter listing name, SSN, sex, and date of birth. After information is queried against SSA's database, mismatches are sent back for resolution.
		Human Resources: Unions	
Civil Service Reform Act of 1978 Public Law No. 95-454 5 U.S.C. 1104	5 C.F.R. 10	These regulations establish a Bill of Rights for union members and set standards for union reports, trusteeships imposed on subordinate unions, elections of union officers, financial safe-guards, and other matters. They also set forth administrative procedures for enforcing the standards of conduct requirements, including hearings before an administrative law judge and determinations by the Assistant Secretary for Employment Standards.	Not Applicable
National Labor Relations Act 29 U.S.C. 151-169	29 C.F.R. 103.1	It is an unfair labor practice for the University to: 1) Interfere with, restrain, or coerce employees in the exercise of their rights; 2) dominate or interfere with the formation or administration of any labor organization; 3) discriminate in any term or condition of employment; 4) encourage or discourage membership in any labor organization; or 5) refuse to bargain collectively with a labor organization's representatives.	Not Applicable
		Human Resources: Wages	

Age Discrimination Act of	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that	Not Applicable
1975	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90	receive federal financial assistance.	Ttot / (ppiloubio
42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617		
		Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	
Consumer Credit Protection		Per Title III of the CCPA the maximum part of an employee's total disposable earnings	Not Applicable
Act, Title III (CCPA)-		subject to garnishment in any workweek may not exceed the lesser of 25% of disposable	
Garnishments		earnings for that week or the amount by which disposable earnings for that week exceeds 30	
15 U.S.C. 1673		times the federal minimum wage rate in effect at the time the earnings are payable. 1674 prohibits firing an employee because of garnishment and imposes a \$1,000 fine for doing so.	
Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA)	29 C.F.R. 500-870	Establishes minimum wage.	Not applicable
29 U.S.C. 201-219		Guarantees time and a half overtime for some employees.	
		Establishes requirements for break time and places for nursing mothers.	
		The University must preserve for 3 years: 1) All payroll records or other records containing employee data from the last date of entry 2) From their last effective date collective bargaining agreements and amendments, plans, trusts, employment and individual contracts, written agreements or memoranda summarizing the terms of oral agreements, and certificates and notices	
		The University must preserve for two years: 1) Basic employment and earnings records 2) Wage rate tables 3) Records of additions to or additions to or deductions from wages paid 4) All records used in determining original, operating and maintenance costs, and depreciation and interest charges	
Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) 42 U.S.C. 401-434	26 C.F.R. 31	Provides that service performed in the employ of a school, college or university by a student who is enrolled and regularly attending classes at such school, college, or university is exempt from the FICA tax.	Not Applicable
		An employee who is in employment for wages which are subject to taxes under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) or which are subject to the withholding of income tax from wages must apply for a social security number by filing SSA Form SS-5.	
		An employer must pay social security taxes on employees, but an exemption exists for most students who are also working for the university and for clergy whose services are performed in the exercise of their ministry.	
Federal Unemployment Tax		Provides for payments of unemployment compensation to workers who have lost their jobs.	Not applicable
Act	3	If your FUTA toy is more than \$500 for the color day year than 251 at 15 and and	
26 U.S.C. 3301-3311		If your FUTA tax is more than \$500 for the calendar year, you must deposit at least one quarterly payment. If not, alternate rules apply.	
		L	

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance.	Not Applicable
		Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	
Qualified Tuition Reductions		A qualified tuition reduction is any reduction in tuition provided to an employee for the education of an employee or certain relatives of the employee at the institution the employee	Reporting due by the last day of 7th month after end of plan year.
Publication		works at or another qualified institution.	An automatic extension of up to
		A qualified tuition reduction is tax-free.	2 months may be obtained by filing Form 5558 with the IRS
			before the return/report s regular
		The tuition must be for education below the graduate level, with an exception for graduate students engaged in teaching or research at the university.	due date.
		Immigration	
Immigration and Nationality	8 C.F.R. 214	-	Not Applicable
Act (INA)	8 C.F.R. 274a- check	foreign nationals in the United States, including provisions that address employment eligibility	
8 U.S.C. 1101-1537	20 C.F.R. 655 29 C.F.R. 501	and employment verification.	
Student Exchange and Visitor		The Student and Exchange Visitor Program (SEVP) acts as the bridge for various	All J-1 sponsors must submit an
Information System (SEVIS)	67 Fed. Reg. 34,862	government organizations that have an interest in information on foreign students.	annual report generated from SEVIS and a narrative report.
		SEVIS was created to improve data collection and reporting, enhance customer service,	Sponsors must submit an annual
		facilitate compliance with regulations and help Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE)	report to the Department of
		better monitor schools and exchange programs, as well as F, M and J non-immigrants.	State. The report must be filed on an academic, calendar, or
		Via SEVIS, the University must keep information and records relating to each F-1 or M-1	fiscal year basis, as stipulated on
		student to whom it has issued a Form I-20A or I-20M.	the program's designation or re-
			designation letter. The due dates are: For Academic Year end
			designees (June 30th): report
			due to the Department of State
			July 31st. For Calendar Year end designees (December 31st):
			report due to the Department of
			State January 31st. For Fiscal
			Year end designees (September 30th): report due to Department of State October 31st.
		Information Technology	
		illioniation reciliology	

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act (CALEA) 47 U.S.C. 1001-1010	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable Not Applicable
Controlling the Assault of Non-Solicited Pornography And Marketing Act of 2003 (CAN-SPAM Act) 15 U.S.C. 7701-7713	16 C.F.R. 316	Prohibits the inclusion of deceptive or misleading information and subject headings, requires identifying information such as a return address in email messages, and prohibits sending emails to a recipient after an explicit response that the recipient does not want to continue receiving messages. In addition to bulk email, the law covers all commercial messages, which it defines as any electronic mail message the primary purpose of which is the commercial advertisement or promotion of a commercial product or service. Each separate email in violation of the CAN-SPAM Act is subject to penalties of up to \$16,000.	Not Applicable
Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA) 17 U.S.C. 512		Imposes rules prohibiting the circumvention of technological protection measures. Sets limitations on copyright infringement liability for online service providers (OSPs). Expands an existing exemption for making copies of computer programs. Provides a significant updating of the rules and procedures regarding archival preservation.	Not Applicable
Electronic Communications Privacy Act 18 U.S.C. 2510-2522 (Wiretap) 18 U.S.C. 2701-2711 (Stored Communications)		The ECPA, as amended, protects wire, oral, and electronic communications while those communications are being made, are in transit, and when they are stored on computers. The Act applies to email, telephone conversations, and data stored electronically.	Not Applicable
FCC- Cable Certification 47 U.S.C. 151	47 C.F.R. 76.1502	Prior to commencing service, cable television systems, cable operators, and satellite carriers must obtain certification that they are in conformity with signal carriage, program exclusivity, cable casting, and other standards. An operator of an open video system must certify on FCC Form 1275 that it will comply with the FCC's regulations in 47 C.F.R. 76.1502.	Not Applicable

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1975	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
FCC- Fixed Microwave Services, Licensing 47 U.S.C. 151	47 C.F.R. 101	The University must file an application to provide fixed microwave services electronically via ULS for each Digital Electronic Message Service (DEMS) Nodal Station. Licensee may not be a foreign government or representative of a foreign government. The application must contain all technical information, including but not limited to transmitting and receiving station names, coordinates, equipment, antennae information, etc. Must demonstrate substantial service at the time of license renewal, and must provide a description of current service.	Not Applicable
FCC- Wireless Communications, Licensing 47 U.S.C. 151	47 C.F.R. 27	The University's authorization to provide wireless communication services is granted for any or a combination of the following services in a single license: 1) common carrier; 2) non-common carrier; 3) private internal communications; 4) and broadcast services. A license application must be filed with the FCC.	Not Applicable
Hazardous Materials Transportation Act 49 U.S.C. 5101-5128	40 C.F.R. 261	The University must properly dispose of computers and electrical equipment containing hazardous materials or the University is subject to fines and penalties.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Opportunity Act Public Law No. 110-315 20 U.S.C. 1092		Section 488 requires institutions to develop plans to detect and prevent unauthorized distribution of copyrighted material on information technology systems, including offering alternatives to illegal-downloading or peer-to-peer distribution of intellectual property.	Part of the Financial Aid Consumer/Student Disclosures sent to students each semester.
Homeland Security Act of 2002 Public Law No. 107 296		The Act encourages private sector sharing of information with the Department of Homeland Security. Information that is voluntarily provided relating to infrastructure vulnerabilities or other vulnerabilities to terrorism is not subject to public disclosure under FOIA, and does not lose its protected character if forwarded by DHS to other federal agencies.	Not Applicable

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Junk Fax Prevention Act of 2005 47 U.S.C. 227(b)(1)(C)		Applicable to non-profits, the Act provides that it is unlawful for the University to use a fax machine to send an unsolicited advertisement to another fax machine unless there is: 1) An established business relationship; 2) the sender obtained the fax number through voluntary communication with the recipient; and 3) the first page of the fax conspicuously states the recipient can request no further unsolicited communications. Penalties include a right of private action for actual damages or \$500 per fax, whichever greater, and can be increased if willful or knowing.	Not Applicable
No Electronic Theft Act Public Law No. 105-147		Makes it a criminal offense to willfully infringe a copyright by sharing, as well as selling, pirated software with a retail value of \$1,000 or more. Offenders will be subject to up to five years in prison, and a \$250,000 fine.	Not Applicable
Telemarketing 47 U.S.C. 227	47 C.F.R. 64.1200	A tax-exempt nonprofit University is exempt from the Do-Not-Call-Registry, but may not call any residential telephone subscriber before 8 a.m. or after 9 p.m. local time at the called party's location.	Not Applicable
		Intellectual Property & Technology Transfer	
American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 26 U.S.C. 170		For contributions of patents and certain other intellectual property made to a 501(c)(3) after June 3, 2004 the taxpayer's initial contribution deduction is limited to the lesser of the donor's basis in the contributed property or the fair market value of the property.	The institution is expected to file Form 8899 (Notice of Income from Donated Intellectual Property) by the last day of the first full month following the close of the institution s taxable year to which the net income from the contribution is properly allocable.
Bayh-Dole Act of 1980 35 U.S.C. 200-212	37 C.F.R. 401 48 C.F.R. 927 48 C.F.R. 952 48 C.F.R. 970	Establishes a uniform policy for the disposition and licensing of rights to patentable inventions discovered in the course of federally-funded research.	Add requirements
Cooperative Research and Technology Enhancement Act (CREATE Act) Public Law No. 108-453	37 C.F.R. 401	Amends the Patent Act to provide that sharing of confidential information under a joint research agreement that was in effect on or before the date the claimed invention was made will not be the basis of an obviousness determination under patent law.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Trademark Revision Act 15 U.S.C. 1051 Public Law No. 109-312		Subject to the principles of equity, the owner of a famous mark that is distinctive, inherently or through acquired distinctiveness, shall be entitled to an injunction against another person who, at any time after the owner's mark has become famous, commences use of a mark or trade name in commerce that is likely to cause dilution by blurring or dilution by tarnishment of the famous mark, regardless of the presence or absence of actual or likely confusion, of competition, or of actual economic injury.	Not Applicable
U.S. Patent Act 35 U.S.C. 1-390	Consolidated Patent Rules, 37 C.F.R. 1-150	The consolidated patent laws specify the subject matter for which a patent may be obtained and the conditions for patentability. They also include requirements related to representation before the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, applications for registration, examination procedures, amendment of applications, publication and post publication procedures, appeals, petitions, post registration practice, correspondence in trademark cases, classification of goods and services, and procedures under the Madrid Protocol. The laws establish the Office to administer the law relating to the granting of patents and contain various other provisions relating to patents.	Not Applicable
Visual Artists Rights Act 17 U.S.C. 106A		Protects moral rights for fine art works, but does not protect audiovisual works and probably does not apply to most multimedia creations.	Not Applicable
17 0.3.C. 100A		International Programs & Activities	
Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA) 15 U.S.C. 78dd-1, et seq.	OPIC: 22 C.F.R. 709		Not Applicable

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 22 U.S.C. 611-621	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617 28 C.F.R. 5	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act. Requires persons acting as agents of foreign principals in a political or quasi-political capacity to make periodic public disclosure of their relationship with the foreign principal, as well as activities, receipts and disbursements in support of those activities.	Registration under the Act is accomplished by the filing of an initial statement together with the required exhibits and the filing of a supplemental statement at intervals of 6 months for the
			duration of the principal-agent relationship requiring registration. An agent must file with the Department of Justice any informational materials distributed on the behalf of the foreign principal to two or more persons in the United States within 48 hours of distribution.
		Lobbying & Political Activity	
House and Senate Gift Ban and Ethics Rules	Chapter 2 House Ethics Manual Chapter 2 Senate Ethics Manual	Both the House and Senate have banned gifts from registered lobbyists or private entities that retain or employ them. Non-lobbyists can give gifts valued at less than \$50, such as a meal at a briefing for a Member of Congress and their staff that is valued at less than \$50 per person.	Not Applicable
Honest Leadership and Open Government Act of 2007 Public Law No. 110-81		Made a number of changes to the Lobbying Disclosure Act, including a ban on most gifts from an independent college or university that employs or engages a lobbyist.	Requires active lobbying registrants and individual lobbyists to file a semi-annual report of certain contributions along with certification that the filer understands the gift and travel rules of both the House and the Senate by the following deadlines: July 30 Mid-Year (January 1 - June 30) January 30 Year End (July 1 December 31)

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 Lobbying Disclosure Act	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable Requires all active registrants to
2 U.S.C. 1601-1614 Public Law No. 104-65, 109 Stat. 691		at least two lobbying contacts each six months and devote 20% of their time to lobbying activities and incur expenses for lobbying of \$20,000 or more in a six-month period. Permits tax exempt charitable organizations required to report lobbying expenses by the IRC to report, under this law, only good faith estimates of such expenses in order to meet reporting requirements.	file quarterly activity reports with the Clerk of the U.S. House of Representatives and the Secretary of the U.S. Senate. Quarterly Activity Report Deadlines: April 20 First Quarter (January 1 March 31) July 20 Second Quarter (April 1 June 30) October 20 Third Quarter (July 1 September 30) January 20 Fourth Quarter (October 1 December 31)
Political Activities IRC 501 (c)(3)		All section 501(c)(3) organizations are absolutely prohibited from directly or indirectly participating in, or intervening in, any political campaign on behalf of (or in opposition to) any candidate for elective public office. Contributions to political campaign funds or public statements of position (verbal or written) made on behalf of the organization in favor of or in opposition to any candidate for public office clearly violate the prohibition against political campaign activity. Violating this prohibition may result in denial or revocation of tax-exempt status and the imposition of certain excise taxes.	Not Applicable
		Privacy & Information Security	
Americans with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C. 12101-12213	28 C.F.R. 36.101- 36.104 29 C.F.R. 1640	The ADA contains strict confidentiality requirements for medical information related to employee's disabilities. Enforced by multiple federal agencies, including the Department of Justice, Department of Labor, and the EEOC.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998 (COPPA) 15 U.S.C. 6501	COPPA Rule: 16 C.F.R. 312	Regulates the collection, use and protection of information from children (up to age 13) via websites or on-line services. Any for-profit websites that are directed to and collect personal info from children must, among other requirements: 1) Provide notice on the website of what info is collected, how it s used, and the operator's disclosure practices; 2) respond to parental requests for info; 3) maintain procedures to protect confidentiality, security and integrity of personal information collected.	Not Applicable
Electronic Communications Privacy Act 18 U.S.C. 2510-2522 (Wiretap) 18 U.S.C. 2701-2711 (Stored Communications)		The ECPA, as amended, protects wire, oral, and electronic communications while those communications are being made, are in transit, and when they are stored on computers. The Act applies to email, telephone conversations, and data stored electronically.	Not Applicable
Fair and Accurate Credit Transaction Act (FACTA) Public Law No. 108-159	Red Flag Rules: 16 C.F.R. 681	Amends the Fair Credit Reporting Act Establishes requirements for maintaining information privacy, accuracy, and disposal Limits the ways consumer information can be shared	Not Applicable
Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) 15 U.S.C. 1681-1681x	16 C.F.R. 600	Employers, before obtaining a consumer report (including criminal background checks) must disclose in writing to the applicant or employee that it may obtain a consumer report for employment purposes, and secondly, secure the written consent of the applicant or employee. Note that when using a third party consumer reporting agency to request motor vehicle record checks for employment purposes, the FCRA should be followed, and notice given to the applicant or employee.	Not Applicable
Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) 44 U.S.C. 35		The act, applicable to federal agencies, also covers the University as a federal contractor where it is holding federal data pursuant to federally-funded research. The Act requires that the University: 1) implement security programs and policies; 2) assess risk; and 3) periodically test controls.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 FERPA	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act. The University must provide students the right to inspect their education records and obtain	Not Applicable 20 U.S.C. 1232g(e); 34 C.F.R.
20 U.S.C. 1232g		written consent to release the records to anyone other than school officials, authorized government personnel, in connection with financial aid, in an emergency, or for other specifically-allowed purposes.	99.7 and 20 U.S.C. 1092(a): Each educational agency or institution shall annually notify students currently in attendance, of their rights under FERPA. Notification of these rights concurrent with fall registration is suggested, as the student needs to be told what information the student has identified as directory information and notified of his/her opportunity to place a hold on release of directory information. Also included in the Student Consumer Information Disclosures sent by Financial Aid.
Freedom of Information Act 5 U.S.C. 552		Provides a process by which every person may request access to a public college or university's records or information.	Not Applicable
Gramm Leach Bliley Act (GLBA) 15 U.S.C. 6801	17 C.F.R. 248 16 C.F.R. 314	Governs the collection, disclosure, and protection of consumers' personal information and personally identifiable information. Requires institutions that offer consumers financial products or services like loans, financial or investment advice, or insurance to explain their information-sharing practices to their customers and to safeguard sensitive data.	Requires financial institutions to provide consumers with privacy notices at the beginning of the loan and annually.

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1 9	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act of 2009 Public Law No. 111-5	45 C.F.R. 160 45 C.F.R. 164	Covered providers must implement administrative/ physical/technical safeguards for Protected Health Information (PHI). Section 13402 of HITECH requires that covered entities notify affected individuals and the Secretary of the DHHS and, in some cases, the media following the discovery of a breach of unsecured PHI. Unsecured PHI is PHI that is not secured via technologies and methodologies, as defined by DHHS guidance, that make the PHI unusable, unreadable, or indecipherable to unauthorized individuals.	Not Applicable
Health Insurance Portability & Accountability Act of 1996 Public Law No. 104-191	45 C.F.R. 160 45 C.F.R. 164	health information. Requires appropriate safeguards to protect the privacy of personal health information, and sets limits and conditions on the uses and disclosures that may be made of such information without patient authorization. Gives patients rights to examine and obtain a copy of their health records, and to request corrections.	Health plans must provide a Notice of Privacy Policy to enrollees once every three years and when there is a change to the policy.
III'd a E Landa Ad	IO d'4 I I 0.4	Program Integrity Rules	Niet Accelled
Higher Education Act 20 U.S.C. 1001, 1002	Credit Hour: 34 C.F.R. 600.2	Provides a federal definition of credit hour.	Not Applicable

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Act 20 U.S.C. 1001, 1002	Gainful Employment: 34 C.F.R. 668 Subpart Q	To be Title IV eligible, an educational program must either lead to a degree awarded by a public or nonprofit institution or prepare students for gainful employment (GE) in a recognized occupation. Institutions must certify that a GE program meets acceptable state and accreditation requirements, and the programs must meet specified debt-to-earnings (D/E) measures. The D/E rates measure is based on the typical loan debt and earnings of students who previously completed the program. Two D/E rates are calculated, one based on annual earnings and one based on discretionary income. Institutions must also establish the eligibility of a GE program by certifying, among other things, that the program is included in the institution's accreditation and satisfies any applicable state licensing and certification requirements for the occupations for which the program prepares students to enter. With the exception of the disclosure requirements (pertaining to prospective and enrolled students) in 34 CFR 668.412, all of the provisions in the GE regulations took effect July 1, 2015. The new disclosure requirements are effective January 1, 2017.	By December 31, 2015, an institution must provide to the Department of Education a Transitional Certification for Existing Programs that each of the institution's GE programs included on its Eligibility and Certification Approval Report (ECAR) meets certain state and accreditation requirements. As a condition of its continued participation in the Title IV programs, an institution must certify in its program participation agreement that each of its currently eligible GE programs included on its ECAR meets the requirements under the Transitional Certification for Existing Programs. An institution must update the certification within 10 days if there are any changes in the approvals for a program or other changes that make an existing certification inaccurate. The GE regulations also require institutions to report annually (as described in 34 C.F.R. 668.411(b)(1)) information about students who enrolled in each of the institutions' GE programs to enable the Department of Education to calculate the program's D/E rates and other

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Act 20 U.S.C. 1094	Incentive Pay: 34 C.F.R. 668.14(b)(22)	Institutions are prohibited from providing any commission, bonus, or other incentive payment based in any part, directly or indirectly, upon success in securing enrollments or the award of financial aid, to any person or entity who is engaged in any student recruitment or admission activity, or in making decisions regarding the award of Title IV, HEA program funds. There is an exception provided for the recruitment of foreign students residing in foreign countries who are not eligible to receive Federal student assistance. According to 2015 guidance, the Department of Education does not interpret the regulations to proscribe compensation for recruiters that is based upon students' graduation from, or completion of, educational programs.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Act 20 U.S.C. 1094	Misrepresentation: 34 C.F.R. 668	Makes the institution responsible for substantial misrepresentations made by the institution itself, a representative of the institution, or any person or entity with whom the institution has an agreement to provide educational programs, marketing, advertising, and recruiting or admissions services. Broadens the definitions of misrepresentations of the nature of an institution s educational program, financial charges, or employability of its graduates. Expands the sanctions that ED may impose for substantial misrepresentations.	Not Applicable

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1975	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Higher Education Act 20 U.S.C. 1001, 1002	Rule: 34 C.F.R. 600.9	state in which it operates.	Financial Aid completes, maintains, and updates the Program Participation Agreement and ECAR to participate in Title IV Programs.
		Research	

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Animal Welfare Act 7 U.S.C. 2131-2159	9 C.F.R. 1-4	Governs the treatment of animals used for research: dogs, cats, monkeys, guinea pigs, hamsters, and other warm-blooded animals.	9 C.F.R. 2.36: Each reporting facility shall submit an annual report to the AC Regional Director for the State where the facility is located on or before December 1 of each calendar year. AC Regional Director means a veterinarian or his designee, employed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), who is assigned by the Administrator to supervise and perform the official work of APHIS in a given state or states.
America COMPETES Act 7009 42 U.S.C. 18620-1	74 Fed. Reg. 42,126	Requires that each institution that applies for financial assistance from the National Science Foundation for science and engineering research or education describe in its grant proposal a plan to provide appropriate training and oversight in the responsible and ethical conduct of research to undergraduate students, graduate students, and postdoctoral researchers participating in the proposed research project.	Not Applicable
Clinical Trials Financial Disclosures by Investigator	21 C.F.R. 54	Clinical investigators are required to disclose financial arrangements with sponsor(s) of the studies (such as payment and royalties) and interests in the product under study or sponsor entity (i.e. proprietary interest such as a patent or other equity interest).	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Common Rule (Protection of Human Subjects Regulations)		Institutions must provide a written assurance application that they will comply with the Common Rule requirements. These requirements include written procedures for reporting to the institutional review board (IRB), institutional officials, and the department or agency head of unanticipated problems involving risks to subjects or serious or continuing noncompliance, and any suspension or termination of research. Human subjects research must undergo review and be approved by the designated institutional review board (IRB). With certain exceptions, investigators must obtain informed consent from any subject used for human subjects research. (Certain requirements regarding information that must be given to prospective subjects as part of the informed consent process take effect January 19, 2018.) Effective January 19, 2020, U.Sbased institutions engaged in cooperative research must use a single IRB for that portion of the research that takes place within the U.S., with certain exceptions.	Not Applicable
Export Administration Regulations	15 C.F.R. 730-774	The Export Administration Regulations (EAR) govern export of goods and services on the Commerce Control List (CCL). Most research done at universities should be exempt from the EAR as long as the institution has not accepted restrictions on publication of results and thus falls under the fundamental research exclusion. "Fundamental research" means basic and applied research in science and engineering, the results of which ordinarily are published and shared broadly within the scientific community. The exemption for fundamental research is codified at 15 C.F.R. 734.8.	Not Applicable

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1975	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Administration (FDA) Amendments Act of 2007	21 C.F.R. 50 21 C.F.R. 56 21 C.F.R. 312 21 C.F.R. 314	For an investigational new drug to be used in a clinical investigation, the University must ensure the sponsor submits an Investigational New Drug Application and complies with all applicable requirements with respect to the regulations pertaining to human subjects and IRB review and approval. The regulation includes medical devices for human use as well as drugs. (Applies to federally-funded projects). Sponsors of certain clinical trials of drugs/devices regulated by the FDA must obtain informed consent from potential research subjects to submit their de-identified data to the ClinicalTrials.gov database. Specific language must be included in consent forms indicating that a description of the trial, but not any identifiable data, will be available through that database. Subjects who do not consent will not be permitted to participate in the trial.	Not Applicable
National Science Foundation Research Misconduct Policies 42 U.S.C. 1870(a)	45 C.F.R. 689	A finding of research misconduct requires that (1) There be a significant departure from accepted practices of the relevant research community; and (2) The research misconduct be committed intentionally, or knowingly, or recklessly; and (3) The allegation must be proven by a preponderance of evidence (45 C.F.R. 689.2(c)).	Not Applicable
Public Health Service Policies	42 C.F.R. 93 70 Fed. Reg. 28,370	Institutions engaged in federally-funded biomedical, behavioral, clinical, or other research in which identifiable, sensitive information is collected must take certain measures to protect the privacy of the subjects of such research. Among other requirements, institutions must have written policies and procedures for addressing allegations of research misconduct that meet the requirements of this part and respond to each allegation of research misconduct for which the institution is responsible under this part in a thorough, competent, objective and fair manner.	Not Applicable
Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems	14 C.F.R. part 107	Institutions are permitted to use small unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) in the National Airspace System for purposes that include research and development and educational/academic uses, provided that the institution follows operation and certification requirements. An uncertified person, such as a student, may manipulate the controls of a small UAS, provided that: (1) They are under the direct supervision of a certified remote pilot in command; and (2) the remote pilot in command is capable of taking over controls at any time during the flight.	Not Applicable
		Sexual Misconduct	

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (1601 of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000) Public Law No. 106-386 (Title VI)	34 C.F.R. 668	(IHE) in that state where the offender resides, as well as notice of each change of enrollment or employment status at the IHE. In turn, this information will be made available by the state	Institution must issue a statement advising the campus community on where information concerning registered sex offenders can be obtained. Notification may be accomplished by adding the statement to the Annual Security Report required by the Campus Security Act. Suggested deadline of October 1st of each year to coincide with the Annual Security Report.
Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) and Violence Against Women Act 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)	34 C.F.R. 668.41(e) 34 C.F.R. 668.46	Any institution that participates in federal financial aid programs must collect information with respect to campus crime statistics and campus security policies of the institution. The institution must annually distribute to current students, employees, and (upon request) prospective students or employees, an annual security report (ASR) containing various statements of institutional policies, descriptions of programs, and campus crime statistics.	By October 1 of each year, an institution must distribute its ASR to all enrolled students and current employees. The ASR must also be submitted to the Department of Education by October 1 of each year.
Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972 20 U.S.C. 1681-1688	DOJ: 28 C.F.R. 42.201-42.215 ED: 34 C.F.R. 106 EEOC: 29 C.F.R. 1604 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 86	Prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance including employment. Title IX protects students from sexual harassment in educational programs or activities operated by recipients of federal funding. The protection against sexual harassment derives from the general prohibitions against sex discrimination contained in the Title IX common rule. Any grievance records relating to a Title IX violation or complaint must be retained for the period of time cited in state law for personal injury actions.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975	HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance.	Not Applicable
42 U.S.C. 6101-6107		Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	
Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 42 U.S.C. 2000e-2000e-17	42.112	Title VII prohibits discrimination in hiring, firing, training, promotion, discipline, or other workplace decisions on the basis of an employee or applicant s race, color, sex, national origin, or religion. Sexual harassment is also prohibited under this law.	Not Applicable
		Тах	
Byrd Amendment 31 U.S.C. 1352		Requires disclosure of lobbying activities when receiving federal contracts, grants, loans or cooperative agreements.	Requires certification and disclosure with each submission for consideration of a federal contract, grant or cooperative agreement exceeding \$100,000 or an award of a federal loan or commitment providing for the U.S. to insure or guarantee a loan exceeding \$150,000. Federal contractors, grantees and those receiving federal loans and cooperative agreements must also report lobbying expenditures from non-federal sources which they used to obtain such federal program monies or contracts.

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Cafeteria Plans 26 U.S.C. 125		A cafeteria plan is a written plan that allows employees to exclude from gross income certain types of employer provided benefits, such as accident and health insurance, group term and life insurance, and benefits under a dependent care assistance program. Qualified scholarships or tuition reduction, educational assistance or deferred compensation may not be excluded from income. For purposes of determining the taxable year of inclusion, any benefit described in paragraph (1) or (2) from the statute shall be treated as received or accrued in the taxable year of the participant or key employee in which the plan year ends.	Not Applicable
Charitable Gift Annuity Antitrust Relief Act 15 U.S.C. 37 IRC 501(c)(3)		Exempts IRC 501(c)(3) organizations from liability under federal antitrust laws for using or agreeing to use uniform rates in issuing gift annuities.	Not Applicable
Deferred Compensation 26 U.S.C. 457		Any amount of compensation deferred under an eligible deferred compensation plan, and any income attributable to the amounts so deferred, shall be includible in gross income only for the taxable year in which such compensation or other income.	Reporting due by the Administrator by the last day of 7th month after end of plan year. An automatic extension of up to 2 months may be obtained by filing Form 5558 with the IRS before the return/report s regular due date.
Employee Annuities 26 U.S.C. 403		If an annuity contract is purchased by an employer for an employee under a plan which meets the requirements of section 404(a)(2) (whether or not the employer deducts the amounts paid for the contract under such section), the amount actually distributed to any distributee under the contract shall be taxable to the distributee (in the year in which so distributed) under section 72 (relating to annuities).	Reporting due by the Administrator by the last day of 7th month after end of plan year. An automatic extension of up to 2 months may be obtained by filling Form 5558 with the IRS before the return/report s regular due date.
Federal Unemployment Tax Act 26 U.S.C. 3301-3311	26 C.F.R. 31.6011(b)- 2	Provides for payments of unemployment compensation to workers who have lost their jobs. If your FUTA tax is more than \$500 for the calendar year, you must deposit at least one quarterly payment. If not, alternate rules apply.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107 Foreign Bank Accounts and Tax Filings 31 U.S.C. 5314(a)	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act. US institutions and citizens that have an ownership interest in foreign bank accounts, or US citizens with signature authority over a foreign bank account have to file form TD F 90.22-1 (FBAR). The latter must report the account on an FBAR even if the foreign financial account is reported on an FBAR filed by the owner of the account (or other person that has a financial interest in the account).	Form TD F 90.22-1 must be filed and received by June 30th of the year following any year during which the institution possessed signature or other authority over, or had a monetary interest in, foreign financial accounts.
Fringe Benefits 26 U.S.C. 132		Any property or service (or cash under certain circumstances) provided to an employee in addition to or in lieu of regular wages will be a taxable fringe benefit to the employee, unless specifically excluded by statute. Any fringe benefit is taxable and must be included in the recipient's pay unless the law specifically excludes it. Must report the actual value on Forms 941 (or Form 944) and W-2. The employer can use a separate Form W-2 for fringe benefits and any other benefit information.	The actual value of fringe benefits provided during a calendar year (or other period as explained under Special accounting rule) must be determined by January 31 of the following year.
Industrial Alcohol User Permits and Special Tax 26 U.S.C. 5001-5692	27 C.F.R. 1	Institutions that procure, use, sell, and/or recover denatured distilled spirits for industrial purposes are required to obtain a permit from the ATF and pay an occupational tax of \$250 per year. However, a scientific university, college of learning, or institution of scientific research which holds a permit to procure and use specially denatured spirits is exempt from payment of the tax if: (i) The institution procures less than 25 gallons of specially denatured spirits per calendar year; and (ii) such spirits are procured for use exclusively for experimental or research use and not for consumption or sale.	Unless otherwise exempt, the last day for payment of such tax shall be the 14th day after the end of the semimonthly period.

Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Independent Contractors 26 U.S.C. 3401-3406		If an employee is mistakenly classified as an independent contractor and the employer has no reasonable basis for doing so, the employer may be held liable for employment taxes for that worker. In order to qualify as independent contractors, the individual would need to meet the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) requirements. The IRS regulatory definition of employee is set forth in 26 C.F.R. 31.3401 (c) -1(b).	Form 1099-MISC must be filed with the IRS if the employer makes payments to independent contractors in the amount of \$600 or more during the year. A copy of same must be provided to the independent contractor by January 31 of the following year.
Nonqualified Deferred Inclusion 26 U.S.C. 409A		If at any time during a taxable year a nonqualified deferred compensation plan (I) fails to meet the requirements of paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), or (II) is not operated in accordance with such requirements, all compensation deferred under the plan for the taxable year and all preceding taxable years shall be includible in gross income for the taxable year to the extent not subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture and not previously included in gross income.	Reporting due by the last day of 7th month after end of plan year. An automatic extension of up to 2 months may be obtained by filing Form 5558 with the IRS before the return/report s regular due date.
Public Disclosure of Material 26 U.S.C. 6104(d)	26 C.F.R. 301.6104(a)-1	The documents that must be made available to the public are: copies of the application for tax exemption (for those organizations which filed before July 15, 1987, this requirement only applies if the organization has a copy of the application on July 15, 1987); and copies of the organization's three most recent annual information returns. Each annual information return must be made available for a period of three years beginning on the date the return is required to be filed, or on the date it is actually filed, whichever is later. Generally, the annual return information includes Forms 990, 990-EZ, 990-BL, and Form 1065, as well as all schedules and attachments filed with the IRS. The tax-exempt organization does not have to identify the names and addresses of the contributors to the organization. For those tax returns filed after August 17, 2006, Form 990-T must also be made available.	Not Applicable

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Qualified Pensions 26 U.S.C. 401		A trust created or organized in the United States and forming part of a stock bonus, pension, or profit-sharing plan of an employer for the exclusive benefit of his employees or their beneficiaries shall constitute a qualified trust.	Reporting due by the last day of 7th month after end of plan year. An automatic extension of up to 2 months may be obtained by filing Form 5558 with the IRS before the report s regular due date.
Qualified Tuition and Student Loan Interest Reporting 26 U.S.C. 6050S	26 C.F.R. 1.6050S-1 26 C.F.R. 1.6050S-2 26 C.F.R. 1.6050S-3 26 C.F.R. 1.6050S-4	Institutions must report (1) qualified tuition and related expenses and (2) student loan interest to the IRS. Institutions must also provide payors with a statement that includes the tax information furnished to the IRS.	Institutions must complete Form 1098-T (qualified tuition payments) and Form 1098-E (student loan interest payments), both of which must be filed with the IRS on or before February 28th, or March 31st if filed electronically. The required statement to all persons who made qualified tuition or student loan interest payments must be sent to the payor on or before January 31st of the year following the calendar year in which payments were received or amounts were billed for qualified tuition and related expenses, or in which the student loan interest payments were received. The statement may simply be a copy of Form 1098-T or Form 1098-E, respectively. Institutions must certify that they have met the regulatory requirements for soliciting student taxpayer identification numbers (TINs) at least once during the year.

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Age Discrimination Act of 1975 42 U.S.C. 6101-6107	ED: 34 C.F.R. 110 HHS: 45 C.F.R. 90 NSF: 45 C.F.R. 617	Prohibits discrimination based on age in educational or academic programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance. Prohibits retaliation for filing a complaint with OCR or for advocating for a right protected by the Act.	Not Applicable
Reporting of Payments of Royalties 20 U.S.C. 6041 26 U.S.C. 6050N	26 C.F.R. 1.6045-5 26 C.F.R. 1.6041-6	This requirement applies whether or not the services were performed for the payor, so for example, if the university was a defendant in a lawsuit, and was required to pay attorney s fees, this rule would apply. The filer must also provide to the attorney a written statement of the information required to be included on the return.	Annual reporting is required for payments: Of \$400 or more made for non-payroll purposes; Of \$10 or more made for royalties; and Made to attorneys not performing services under a contract with the university. Reporting is done on Form 1099-MISC. Deadline to payment recipients is January 31st. Deadline for reporting to the IRS is February 28th.
Small Business Job Protection Act Public Law No. 104-188, 110 Stat. 1755		age 70. Benefits for those workers still working after age 70 must be actuarially adjusted for those	Under the new rule, which commenced in 1997, distributions will not need to be made until April 1 of the year following the later of the year the employee attains age 70, or the year the employee retires. Five-percent owners and IRA holders are still subject to the minimum distribution rule, that is, they will need to start receiving distributions by April 1 of the year following attaining age 70 even if they are still working.
Unrelated Business Income (UBIT) 26 U.S.C. 511(a)(2)	26 C.F.R. 1.511-1 26 C.F.R. 1.513-4	Unrelated business income is income from a trade or business, regularly carried on, that is not substantially related to the charitable, educational, or other purpose that is the basis of the organization's exemption. An exempt organization that has \$1,000 or more of gross income from an unrelated business must file Form 990-T. An organization must pay estimated tax if it expects its tax for the year to be \$500 or more. All other organizations must file Form 990-T by the 15th day of the 5th month after the end of their tax year.	Not Applicable