# Core Course Assessment Plan, 2018-19 Element 6: Natural Sciences

Please complete all sections; do not delete section information. Submit to Pilot when complete.

SECTION 1: GENERAL INFORMATION
Course Dept. Prefix: ATH Course #: 2100 /L
Semester when assessment will occur: ☐ Spring ☐ Summer X☐ Fall Year: 2018
Course Title: Intro to Biological Anthropology
Section Types and number of sections offered in 2018-19. Complete all that apply.  3 Dayton face-to-face  0 Dayton online 0 Dayton Honors 0 Lake Honors
Attributes: 0 Integrative Writing in Core 0 Multicultural Competency in Core 0 Service Learning in Core
Dept. Core Assessment Lead: Dr. Tracey Steele tracey.steele@wright.edu Name email
List at least two assessors; this may include course instructor only if there are multiple sections and multiple instructors of the course. Note - The instructor may not assess his/her students' papers.  • Dr. Laurel Monnig  • Dr. Lance Greene  • Dr. Geoff Owens
SECTION 2: ASSESSMENT PLAN  It is preferable to have the assessment plan for all sections of a course. If not feasible, please complete an assessment plan for separate sections.
Course Outcomes. Check here if Outcomes have been modified.
The course must address all 5 outcomes but must assess a minimum of 1 outcome. Highlight in yellow the outcome(s) you will assess. If you have modified the outcomes, please insert here in place of

1. Understand the nature of scientific inquiry;

standard outcomes.

- 2. Critically apply knowledge of scientific theory and methods of inquiry to evaluate information from a variety of sources;
- 3. Distinguish between science and technology and recognize their roles in society;

- 4. Demonstrate an awareness of theoretical, practical, creative and cultural dimensions of scientific inquiry; and
- 5. Discuss fundamental theories underlying modern science.

	ch assignment.	ldresses/address outcome(s). Include outc	ome #, title and description
Outcor	me #: Title:		
Descri	ption of assignment:		
□ Essa	ay question(s). Provide the	question(s) and outcome(s) below.	
1.	Outcome #: Essay	y Question:	
2.	Outcome #: Essay	y Question:	
3.	Outcome #: Essay	y Question:	
☐ Pilo questic	•	scussion that addresses outcome(s). Provi	de the outcome # and
1.	Outcome #: Disci	cussion Question:	
2.	Outcome #: Disci	cussion Question:	_
3.	Outcome #: Discr	cussion Question:	_
questic correct <b>those</b> a	on numbers. A rubric is not t answer more than once.	er questions – 3 to 4 questions per outcom t used for Marker questions. "All the abov <b>Courses that are IW or SRV/SRVI must u</b> penchmark: We expect <u>70</u> % of students to	re" should not be used as the se written assignments for

### 1. Outcome # 1

- a) FALSE: Scientists use the "scientific method"- a process in which hypothesis are tested and, if confirmed, become theories. A theory then becomes a law when enough scientists reconfirm the same finding.
- b) FALSE: The purpose of science is to collect data to prove that theories are true.
- c) FALSE: <u>Because science relies on observation of naturally occurring events, it is not possible to test events that happened in the past</u>

# 2. Outcome # 4: Demonstrate an awareness of theoretical, practical, creative and cultural dimensions of scientific inquiry

- a) MC: Are there individual (biological) traits that can be used to define a racial group?
  - Incorrect response (score=0): Yes, there are single biological traits (such as skin color or eye shape) that can be used to distinguish one racial group from another
  - Correct response (score=1): No, there is too much overlap between racial groups to use a single biological trait (like skin color or eye shape) to distinguish one racial group from another
- b) MC: Are there groups of (biological) traits that collectively can be used to define a racial group?
  - Incorrect response (score=0): Yes, when several traits are combined they can be used to distinguish one racial group from another
  - Correct response (score=1): No, there is no combination of traits that can be used to distinguish one racial group from another
- c) MC: Are there more biological differences between racial groups or between individuals within a single race?
  - Incorrect response (score=0): There are more biological differences between two racial groups
  - Correct response (score=1): There are more biological differences between individuals within a single race
- d) MC: Is race biologically or culturally based?
  - Incorrect response (score=0): Race is based on biological differences among racial groups, as opposed to cultural perceptions of such differences
  - Correct response (score=1): Race is based on cultural perceptions of differences among racial groups, as opposed to biological differences among such groups

### 3. Outcome #5

- a) TRUE: Evolution is a process that has happened in the past and is still happening now.
- b) FALSE: The process we call "evolution" was first introduced and explained by Charles Darwin.
- c) FALSE: Evolution is like a chain. Each group of creatures evolves into the next "link" in the chain.
- d) TRUE: The earth is billions of years old.

Collecting and submitting the student assignment(s)
Will upload assignment(s) to Pilot x Will give access to assignment(s) on Pilot
Other: I will also send the percentage of correct answers for each marker question to the assessors in SU18, FA18, and SP19 for their review (as automatically collated by PILOT). They may log in to confirm these percentages if desired.

SECTION 3: UCRC COMMITTEE REVIEW ONLY. DO NOT delete this section.

Item	Complete / NA / Revision Requested	Comments	
Learning Outcomes	Complete		
for Element 6 Natural			
Science			
Assignments matched to Element	Complete		
6 LOs			
Rubric for LOs	Complete	Have a good plan, like the	
		benchmark.	
Rubric for IW	N/A		
Attribute			
Assigned Approved	Complete		
Reviewers			
Committee Review Completed □			
Committee Chair Signate	ure	Date	

# **Core Assessment Element 6 Report Template**

A separate report needs to be submitted for each assessment plan approved by the Undergraduate Core Oversight Committee (UCOC).

This report must be uploaded to the Pilot course called Element 6 Core Course Assessment 2018-19 (continuous year) by Tuesday, October 1, 2019. The Final Report Dropbox link can be accessed via Content > Dropbox (Plans, Reports) > Final Report Dropbox.

Date Report Submitted: February 25, 2020

**Element: Core Element 6 – Natural Science** 

Academic Year: 2018-2019

Course and Sections Assessed: ATH 2100 (Fall 2019)

### **Assessment Plan:**

Below is a summary of the submitted assessment plan. No changes were made to the plan, other than the date of data capture (due to the Spring strike data were not collected in Spring 2019) Materials were not requested for FA18, but could be compiled if needed.

Course Outcomes
-----------------

The course must address all 5 outcomes but must assess a minimum of 1 outcome. Highlight in yellow the outcome(s) you will assess. If you have modified the outcomes, please insert here in place of standard outcomes.

- 6. Understand the nature of scientific inquiry;
- 7. Critically apply knowledge of scientific theory and methods of inquiry to evaluate information from a variety of sources;
- 8. Distinguish between science and technology and recognize their roles in society;
- Demonstrate an awareness of theoretical, practical, creative and cultural dimensions of scientific inquiry; and
- 10. Discuss fundamental theories underlying modern science.

Assignments
-------------

We expect  $\underline{70}\%$  of students to answer  $\underline{70}\%$  of the question(s) correctly.

## 4. Outcome #1

- a) FALSE: Scientists use the "scientific method"- a process in which hypothesis are tested and, if confirmed, become theories. A theory then becomes a law when enough scientists reconfirm the same finding.
- b) FALSE: The purpose of science is to collect data to prove that theories are true.

c) FALSE: <u>Because science relies on observation of naturally occurring events, it is not possible to test events that happened in the past</u>

# 5. Outcome # 4: Demonstrate an awareness of theoretical, practical, creative and cultural dimensions of scientific inquiry

- a) MC: Are there individual (biological) traits that can be used to define a racial group?
  - Incorrect response (score=0): Yes, there are single biological traits (such as skin color or eye shape) that can be used to distinguish one racial group from another
  - Correct response (score=1): No, there is too much overlap between racial groups to use a single biological trait (like skin color or eye shape) to distinguish one racial group from another
- b) MC: Are there groups of (biological) traits that collectively can be used to define a racial group?
  - Incorrect response (score=0): Yes, when several traits are combined they can be used to distinguish one racial group from another
  - Correct response (score=1): No, there is no combination of traits that can be used to distinguish one racial group from another
- c) MC: <u>Are there more biological differences between racial groups or between individuals</u> within a single race?
  - Incorrect response (score=0): There are more biological differences between two racial groups
  - Correct response (score=1): There are more biological differences between individuals within a single race
- d) MC: <u>Is race biologically or culturally based?</u>
  - Incorrect response (score=0): Race is based on biological differences among racial groups, as opposed to cultural perceptions of such differences
  - Correct response (score=1): Race is based on cultural perceptions of differences among racial groups, as opposed to biological differences among such groups

#### 6. Outcome #5

- a) TRUE: Evolution is a process that has happened in the past and is still happening now.
- b) FALSE: The process we call "evolution" was first introduced and explained by Charles Darwin.
- c) FALSE: Evolution is like a chain. Each group of creatures evolves into the next "link" in the chain.

### **Assessment Data Collection:**

As described in the original assessment plan, aggregate data from a PILOT quiz ("Post-Assessment Quiz") were collected on the last day of classes. All students present that day were polled and the results are presented below.

### **Assessment Results:**

Of 84 students, 77 completed the marker questions (92% response rate). For the 11 marker question, 8 questions (72% of total questions) were at or well above the 70% mark. Below is the

table showing the breakdown. Individually, Question 2 for outcome 1 failed, while Questions 7 and 17 for Outcome 5 fell just below the 70% mark.

Outcome		%	%
#	Question #	Correct	Incorrect
1	1	77%	23%
1	2	31%	69%
1	3	78%	22%
5	7	68%	32%
5	15	100%	0%
5	16	100%	0%
5	17	60%	40%
4	19	95%	5%
4	20	76%	24%
4	21	92%	8%
4	22	95%	5%

Given that at least 70% (in this case 92%) answered 70% of the questions correctly (72% of the questions reached at least 70% correctness)- we believe the course is fulfilling its stated objectives.

In assessing the individual questions for which the score fell below 70%, we offer additional areas for improvement.

First, there is some supporting data to suggest that the wording of particular questions may have confused students. For example, Question 7 for Outcome #5 asked "True or False: <u>The process</u> we call "evolution" was first introduced and explained by Charles Darwin. Another version of this question is asked within the complete "post-assessment quiz" on the last day of the term. In that version of the question students scored well above the 70% mark. Perhaps future assessments can include both versions of the question.

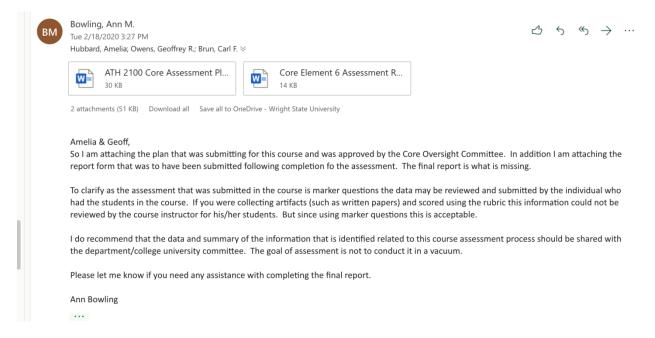
Second, the results of the other two questions that "failed" the benchmark may need additional reinforcement or revised questions. For example, Question 2 for Outcome #1 asked, "True or False: Scientists use the "scientific method"- a process in which hypothesis are tested and, if confirmed, become theories. A theory then becomes a law when enough scientists reconfirm the same finding." This result is quite surprising given that several readings, out of class labs/quizzes, and in class activities ask versions of this question. It is unclear why this particular question scored so low; therefore, breaking each components into an individual question (e.g., "Scientists use a single scientific method," "Once a hypothesis is tested and confirmed, it becomes a theory" and "A theory may become a law, when enough scientists reconfirm the same findings"). Perhaps the last component of the question, which is correct, led some students to conclude that if any part of the question was correct, the whole answer must be correct? Within the course, students often complain about these "best answer" types of questions as being "trick

questions." In other words, students may not have failed to understand the concepts but rather how to answer the question.

Question 17 for Outcome #5 asked, "True or False: Evolution is like a chain. Each group of creatures evolves into the next "link" in the chain." It is again unclear why students did not do well on this question, as it is a core theme of the course with multiple labs, in class activities, and readings that confirm one species does *not* evolve into the next. In this case perhaps a secondary question, with an alternative wording, might confirm if the question or the concept is being confused.

### **Assessment Feedback:**

The assessment was collected by Dr. Hubbard, per the directions provided on 2/18/2020 in the email below.



The same questions were shared with the other assessment committees via a report for the 14-15 academic year. A copy of this report will also be forwarded to the department chair for her records.

### **Assessment Administration Feedback**

I would like to see a clearer process for submission/solicitation of the results. I mistakenly relied on my department's assessment committee chair to notify me when these reports were due. Though I completed them under my own steam in Fall 2019, they laid in limbo until I noticed a report of the Faculty Senate noting that my course had not been reviewed though I had completed this assessment in December of last year. These data are helpful to me as an instructor, but if they are to go "outside of the vacuum" as indicated in the email above, I'd like a clearer process for who/when/how to submit these assessments to each committee. Perhaps

cc'ing the instructor for the course on an email to whomever is being asked to submit the report would be helpful. As Ann notes above, I was given permission to submit the aggregate scores from the PILOT site (but was not aware to whom these scores should be sent). As part of the process it would appear that the department assessment chair, college chair, and university chair should be named in the document as part of the submission process?

# **UCOC Report Review**

Item	Complete/NA	Revision Requested	Comments
Identified Outcome	XX		
Assessed			
Identified Procedure	XX		
for Assessment			
Summary of Results	XX		
Results Shared with	XX		
Instructor, Dept			
Curriculum			
Committee, etc.			
Plan for	XX		
Improvements			

Committee Review Completed XXX					
	Dr. ann M. Bowling				
Committee Chair Signature		Date _	_2/11/2022		