

MS204 CRIB SHEET

$$\mu = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N X_i}{N} \simeq \frac{\sum_{j=1}^g m_j f_j}{N} \quad \bar{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n} \simeq \frac{\sum_{j=1}^g m_j f_j}{n} \quad \bar{X}_G = (X_1 * X_2 * \dots * X_n)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$\text{Range} = X_{largest} - X_{smallest} \quad \text{Midrange} = \frac{X_{smallest} + X_{largest}}{2}$$

Q_1 = The value corresponding to the $\frac{N+1}{4}$ th ordered observation

Q_2 = Median, the value corresponding to the $\frac{N+1}{2}$ th ordered observation

Q_3 = The value corresponding to the $\frac{3(N+1)}{4}$ th ordered observation

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (X_i - \mu)^2}{N} \simeq \frac{\sum_{j=1}^g (m_j - \mu)^2 f_j}{N} \quad S^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{n-1} \simeq \frac{\sum_{j=1}^g (m_j - \bar{X})^2 f_j}{n-1}$$

$$\text{Standard Deviation} = \sqrt{\text{Variance}} \quad \sigma = \sqrt{\sigma^2} \quad S = \sqrt{S^2}$$

$$\text{Midhinge} = \frac{Q_1 + Q_3}{2} \quad \text{Interquartile Range} = Q_3 - Q_1 \quad \left(1 - \frac{1}{k^2}\right) * 100\% \quad z = \frac{X - \bar{X}}{S}$$

$$\text{CV} = \left(\frac{S}{\bar{X}}\right) 100\% \quad \text{CV}_{pop} = \left(\frac{\sigma}{\mu}\right) 100\% \quad \text{cov}(X, Y) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y})}{n-1} \quad r = \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{S_X S_Y}$$

$$\text{Probability of Occurrence} = \frac{X}{T} \quad P(A) = P(A \text{ and } B_1) + P(A \text{ and } B_2) + \dots + P(A \text{ and } B_k)$$

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) \quad P(A \cup B) = P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B)$$

$$P(A \cap B) = P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A|B)P(B) \quad P(A \cap B) = P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A)P(B)$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \text{ and } B)}{P(B)} \quad P(B_i|A) = \frac{P(A|B_i)P(B_i)}{P(A|B_1)P(B_1) + P(A|B_2)P(B_2) + P(A|B_3)P(B_3) + \dots + P(A|B_k)P(B_k)}$$

$$k^n \quad (k_1)(k_2) \dots (k_n) \quad n! = n(n-1)(n-2) \dots (1) \quad {}_n P_X = \frac{n!}{(n-X)!} \quad {}_n C_X = \binom{n}{X} = \frac{n!}{X!(n-X)!}$$

$$\mu = E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^N X_i P(X_i) \quad \sigma^2 = \sum_{i=1}^N (X_i - \mu_x)^2 P(X_i) \quad \sigma_{xy} = \sum_{i=1}^N [X_i - E(X)][Y_i - E(Y)]P(X_i Y_i)$$

$$E(X+Y) = E(X) + E(Y) \quad \text{Var}(X+Y) = \sigma_{X+Y}^2 = \sigma_X^2 + \sigma_Y^2 + 2\sigma_{XY}$$

SPECIAL PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

NAME	TYPE	FUNCTION	MEAN	VARIANCE	TABLE
BINOMIAL	DISCRETE	$P(X = x n, \pi) = \frac{n!}{x!(n-x)!} \pi^x (1-\pi)^{n-x}$	$n\pi$	$n\pi(1-\pi)$	YES
POISSON	DISCRETE	$P(X \lambda) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!}$	λ	λ	YES
HYPERGEOMETRIC	DISCRETE	$P(X A, N, n) = \frac{\binom{A}{x} \binom{N-A}{n-x}}{\binom{N}{n}}$	$\frac{nA}{N}$	$\frac{nA(N-A)}{N^2} * \frac{N-n}{(N-1)}$	NO
NORMAL	CONTINUOUS	$f(X \mu, \sigma) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{1}{2}[\frac{(X-\mu)}{\sigma}]^2}$	μ	σ^2	YES
UNIFORM	CONTINUOUS	$f(X a, b) = \frac{1}{b-a}$ if $a \leq X \leq b$	$\frac{a+b}{2}$	$\frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$	NO
EXPONENTIAL	CONTINUOUS	$P(\text{Arrival Time} < X) = 1 - e^{-\lambda X}$	λ		NO

$$Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma} \quad X = \mu + Z_{(\alpha/2)}\sigma \quad \text{If } np \geq 5 \text{ and } n(1-p) \geq 5 \text{ then } z = \frac{X_a - np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}}$$

Where X_a = Number of successes with adjustment for continuity.

FOR SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONS

$$\sigma_{\bar{X}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \quad Z = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma_{\bar{X}}} = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}} \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}} \quad \bar{X} = \mu_x + Z_{(\alpha/2)}\sigma_{\bar{X}}$$

$$\text{If } n\pi \geq 5 \text{ and } n(1-\pi) \geq 5 \text{ then } \sigma_p = \sqrt{\frac{\pi(1-\pi)}{n}} \quad Z \simeq \frac{p - \pi}{\sqrt{\frac{\pi(1-\pi)}{n}}}$$

$$\text{and } \pi = p \pm Z_{(\alpha/2)} \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} \quad \text{Where } Z_{(\alpha/2)} = \text{The backward Z for } \left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)$$

POP VAR	POP DIST	SAMPLE SIZE	(1- α)% CI	TEST STATISTIC
KNOWN	NORMAL	ANYTHING	$\mu = \bar{X} \pm Z_{(\alpha/2)} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$	$Z_{cal} = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}}$
KNOWN	ANYTHING	$n \geq 30$	$\mu = \bar{X} \pm Z_{(\alpha/2)} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$	$Z_{cal} = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}}$
UNKNOWN	NORMAL	ANYTHING	$\mu = \bar{X} \pm t_{(\alpha/2, df=n-1)} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$	$t_{cal} = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{s/\sqrt{n}}$

$$n = \frac{Z^2 \sigma^2}{e^2} \quad n = \frac{Z^2 \pi(1-\pi)}{e^2} \quad \chi^2 = \frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi^2_{(n-1)}$$